FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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YANKEE GALLANTRY!

A pleasant writer in the N. Y. Commercial, under the head of "Nutmegville Revisited," gives an account of his visit from the city to the "old folks at home," at Nutmegville, Connecticut, from which we extract the following capital hit at the genuine Yankee:—

One day, Enos Burton, a gay young spark of the neighborhood, came to invite uncle Lemuel's niece Almira to go with him to an exhibition of wax figures, which was held in the Nutmegville court house. While Almira was bustling about getting ready, Enos went out in the door yard to look at the bee hives, and chat a little with one of the hired men; and before he came in, Almira having got fully decorated with her country fixins whispered something to her aunt, the purport of which was lost to me. The quiet reply of aunt Susan, however, was perfectly audible.

"My dear child! What in the world do you want with fifty cents?"

"Well, aunty, to tell the truth, I heard Mary Ann Crawford say that when Enos takes the girls out any where, he always expects them to pay their own way, and you know if I walk away over to Nutmegville, I should hate to come back again without seeing the wax figures."

"Why, sake's alive! do tell now if Enos is as mean as all that comes to; but Myry dear! what do you want so much as fifty cents for, when the admission is only twenty-five cents? and then you know you have a little change in your *ridicule* besides."

"Oh, it's so pleasant, aunty, to not have just exactly money enough. I always like to have a little change coming back to me; it looks more noble like, you know."

"So it does, child, so it does, and besides, there's no knowing what may happen; you had better take fifty cents, be sure."

A little before tea time, Myry and her beau returned from the wax works, and parted at the door yard gate, and as Myry tripped along the path to the house I could see that she felt considerable funny. To be honest about it, I was somewhat interested myself, to hear more about this specimen of Young America who was thus practising gallantry on economical principles, and so hung about the sitting room in order to hear all that might drop on the subject. Myry kept biting her lips for some time, as she was employed setting the things on the table for tea, but at last it came out in a good loud ringing roar of laughter.

"Why, massy on us Myry! what is the matter? Was the wax works so dreadful laughable, that you can't keep in?"

"Oh, no, Aunty, I am laughing about Enos; you remember, that when you gave me the fifty cents, you said "there is no knowing what might happen, and sure enough when we got to the door Enos asked me if I had any change, and when he found I had fifty cents, he said he was right glad of it, for somehow, says he, I hain't got a cent about me, and your fifty cents you know will just pay for both of us, and the next time I'll pay for you, if I happen to have the money."

"Well if Enos ain't the stingiest sample of a beau that ever I see," exclaimed aunt Susan; "when he asks you to go anywhere again Myry, you just tell him you can't afford to go till we have a better season for crops."

"'But I havn't told all yet,' continued Myry; 'they had little representations of one of the wax figures, done in plaster which they sold at twenty-five cents a piece. Enos was wonderfully taken with them, and handled them in such a covetous manner that I really felt sorry for him. 'If I *only* had the money,' he said, 'wouldn't I have one of em, now Myry don't you *think* you could raise change enough to buy one?' 'I am sure, Enos, I havn't anything like twenty-five cents,' I replied. 'Just do look, Myry; I wish you would,' says Enos. So Aunty, I managed to scratch together from my pocket and reticule about fifteen cents, and Enos begged the folks so hard to let him have one of the figures for the fifteen cents, that they took pity on him and consented. After this Enos had no heart for anything but his toy, and I came home, as you see penniless as a beggar."

Aunt Susan burst out in a fresh tirade at "sech an etarnal skinflint," but when Almira came to rehearse the whole story to Mrs. Lovell she almost overstepped the bounds of ordinary propriety in her hearty and reiterated guffaws of laughter.

The Two Heirs.—"I remember," says the late Postmaster General of the United States, "the first time I visited Burlington, Vt., as Judge of the Supreme Court. I had left it many years before, a poor boy. At the time I left there were two families of special note for their standing and wealth. Each of them had a son about my own age. I was very poor, and these boys were very rich. During the long years of hard toil which passed before my return, I had almost forgotten them. They had long ago forgotten me.

Approaching the court-house, for the first time, in company with several gentlemen of the bench and bar, I noticed, in the court-house yard, a large pile of old furniture about to be sold at auction. The scenes of early boyhood with which I was surrounded prompted me to ask whose it was. I was told it belonged to Mr. J. "Mr. J? I remember a family of that name, very wealthy; there was a son, too; can it be he? I was told it was even so. He was the son of one of the families already alluded to. He had inherited more than I had earned, and spent it all; and now his own family was reduced to real want, and his furniture was that day to be sold for debt. I went into the court-house suddenly, yet almost glad that I was born poor. I was soon absorbed in the business before me. One of the first cases called originated in a low drunken quarrel between Mr. H. and Mr. A. Mr. H. thought I, that is a familiar name. Can it be? In short, I found that this was the son of the other wealthy man referred to! I was overwhelmed alike with astonishment and thanksgiving—astonishment at the change in our relative standing, and thanksgiving that I was not born to inherit wealth without toil.

Those fathers provide best for their children who leave them with the highest education, the purest morals, and—the least money.

FROM THE WASHINGTON STAR.

YOUNG MEN, KEEP YOUR GUNS AT HALF-COCK!

Daring the hunting season we have frequent accounts of damage to life and limb by the accidental discharge of percussion guns, and not unfrequently, too, in the hands of those whose experience would seem to be a sufficient guarantee of their safety.

A word of counsel, properly heeded, will cut off the most prolific source of these disasters; and it is this: *Never carry a loaded gun with the hammer down upon the cap.*

Almost every injury, perhaps every one upon record, from the accidental discharge of the percussion gun, is attributable to the violation of this important rule, growing, in most instances, out of want of consideration of its great danger. This danger will at once be apparent to any one who will examine a percussion cap, its elements and use, the action of the common lock, and then the manner in which accidents occur. The fulminating mercury in the cap is so exceedingly sensitive that a small force, quickly applied, is sufficient to explode it. When the hammer is on the cap, if it be drawn back *toward the half cock*, but not far enough to catch at half cock, and then allowed to fall suddenly on the cap, it will explode it; and again, a smart blow on and behind the hammer, driving it firmly upon the cap, will produce the same result. In either case the gun will be as effectually discharged as though it had been full cocked and the trigger pulled.

A youth, who was hunting in the vicinity, wished to obtain some berries which hung over his head out of reach. Taking his gun by the muzzle, he placed the hammer (then down upon the cap) over the bough, using it as a hook to draw the fruit toward him. As he drew it down, the resistance of the bough slightly raised the hammer from the cap; the bough slipped from its hold, and the young man received the whole charge in his bosom. Had the hammer stood at half or full cock such had not been the result.

A lad hunting on the water, attemped to place his gun (hammer down on the cap) into the boat; as he slipped it along, the hammer was struck behind and toward the cap, by some part of the boat, with sufficient force to explode the cap; the gun was discharged and he was killed. Had the hammer stood at either half or full cock this would not have occurred.

Not long since we had an account of one who was standing upon a porch, resting his gun near its edge; it slipped from his hand, in its descent, both hammers (which were down upon the caps) were struck against the porch so forcibly as to discharge the gun; the loads were lodged in his head. Had this gun been half cocked, he would not have been hurt.

Another, standing behind his buggy, undertook to place his gun in front, by reaching over the back of his seat; in passing, the hammer, which was down, struck the front edge of the seat, discharging the gun. He was not hurt, but his friend, standing near him had a hair-breadth escape. Had his gun been either half or full cocked, neither his friend's life nor his own would have been imperilled.

Within a few days, one of our most valuable citizens was seriously damaged by the explosion of his gun. Drawing it through a fence, hammer down, the hammer was slightly lifted from the cap by the rail above it, and being suddenly released, exploded the cap, which, of course, discharged the gun. Had his hammer been set to either the half or the full cock, he would not have been hurt.

Instances need not be multiplied—every community in our land can furnish its proportion. They will be found everywhere of the same character, all occurring from this improper mode of carrying the hammers. There are many who have always carried them thus under the impression that it is the safer way, and it is surprising how extensively this impression prevails. To such and all others who wish to do right, this article will be acceptable.

If a gun lock be perfect, and none other should ever be used, the hammer, at the half cock, may, by striking it violently behind, be broken off, but the gun cannot be thus discharged; or if struck in front sufficiently hard, may be driven to the full cock—or, failing to catch there, it will fall again to the half-cock, it can go no further; if it reach the full cock, the trigger must then be used before a discharge can occur; but in no event can a hammer, at either half or full cock, be made to explode a cap by force applied to the hammer, either before or behind; application in these cases must be made to the trigger.

Young men! keep your guns at the half cock! full cock them if you will—but if you would avoid injury to yourself or your neighbor, *in no case* carry your hammer on the cap—or suffer anybody who so carries it; to hunt with you.

Accident on the Underground Railroad.—We have been informed from reliable authority that a vessel went ashore yesterday, on Princess Ann Beach, the crew of which is "safe," consisting of captain, mate, and 5 negroes. Usually the shipwrecked mariner is treated with kindness and hospitality, yet in this instance these unfortunate men were put in jail at Princess Ann Court House, there to wait further proceedings on the part of our authorities, for it seems that these negroes belong to some of our citizens, enticed to leave their masters by these infernal villains, who acting as agents of Northern anti-slavery fanatics, succeeded in getting them on board of their vessel. We trust that justice will treat these offenders as criminals, and give to others, that may at this moment be lurking about our cities, a warning which will not soon be forgotten. We shall write in one of our next issues more on this subject.—*Norfolk Argus.*

A Capital Joke.—In the Boston (Mass.) Times of the 19th ult., a paragraph appeared containing the account of the rendition of a colored servant Jack, belonging to Dr. Tucker, of Alabama, on board the brig Selma. A terrific excitement prevailed in Boston, and loud cries of, "where is Tucker" and "send a steamboat after the Selma," were heard in all quarters. It turned out that the "colored servant Jack," was a *black woolly Jack Ass*, and the paragraph had been furnished by some waggish reporter, causing an awful waste of sympathy by the citizens of the "Modern Athens."

Strange Hallucination.—At a sale of the estate of the late Samuel Pointer, in Halifax county; the sum of $600 was paid for a *mad stone*—a mineral supposed to have wonderful healing virtues.

The Post Office heretofore known by the name of Lisbon, in Sampson County, has been changed to that of Wardsville. Mr. Clifton Ward is the Postmaster.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29, 1855.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY FAIR.—The opening of the Fair, yesterday, was gloomy enough, so far as the weather was concerned. Last year, every thing was choked with dust. Yesterday morning the rain poured down, cold and comfortless. Yet, when we went out to the grounds, we found perhaps 50 to 100 carriages on the ground, and 3 or 400 people, including a respectable proportion of Ladies, on the grounds, and in the buildings. Between 3 and 4 o'clock, most unexpectedly, the thick clouds broke away, and the sun shone out, clear and enlivening We anticipate, consequently, a great assemblage to-day and to-morrow, should the present beautiful weather continue. The town is quite full of visiters, every room in the Hotels being engaged, as we learn.

We had not seen the grounds for some weeks, and yesterday we found two new, neat, and commodious buildings, the sheds for stock enlarged, the trotting path extended, so as to make the course half a mile long. The whole showing that the zeal of the leaders in this good and great work is unflagging, their industry untiring, their means ample, supplied by their own and the liberality of their town and country friends. Long may the work go on. Long may it afford a stimulant to every interest of Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, and Household Economy!

The list of entries of Articles for Exhibition numbered 400, embracing probably 500 different articles. And doubtless there will be many more, as they were coming in whilst we were there.

The weather was most unfavorable for the exhibition of horses, mules, cattle, hogs, &c., of all which there was a respectable number in the sheds. They were, we were glad to see, not only from this town and county, but from Robeson, Bladen, Columbus, Rockingham, Sampson, and perhaps other counties.

In our very hasty glance we noticed Horses, Brood mares, Colts, Mules and Jacks, exhibited by Thos. D. McDowell, Esq. of Bladen, Thos. I. Faison, and Wm. A. Faison, Esqs., of Sampson, J. F. Slade of Rockingham county, Col. T. S. Memory of Columbus, Wm. A. McIntyre, of this town, and probably others. Of these, Mr. McIntyre's horse, Mr. Wm. A. Faison's brood mare, T. I. Faison's 3 year old filly, and Mr. McDowell's Mule and Jack, attracted most attention from those who are better qualified than we to judge of such animals.

Of Cattle, Mr. Slade of Rockingham has 4 good Durham bulls and 2 Durham heifers. Of native breeds, good specimens are exhibited by Messrs. Jos. A. Worta, T. M. Sackett, J. Elliot, and Wm. McLaurin.

Of Sheep, there is but one contributor, Mr. Hugh McLean.

Of Hogs, there are numerous very fine specimens, contributed by Messrs. Wm. Taylor, John Waddill, T. J. Cowan, H. B. Ferguson, J. G. Cook, and H. Newell, all of this town, and by Messrs. Joel Williams and T. H. Pemberton of this county. All these, without exception, are good.

Of Fowls, there is a far greater display, both as to number and quality, than we saw at the State Fair which we attended two years ago. We had no idea that such a stock of beautiful poultry could be collected here. Of the host of contributors, we only recollect Messrs. A. Alden, A. J. O'Hanlon, Hugh McLean, David Anderson, Dr. Foulkes, Mrs. Kyle, David McDuffie, John Waddill.

There were but two vehicles on exhibition yesterday, a superb open Buggy by Mr. McKethan, and an excellent Road Wagon by Messrs. Holland & Weisiger.

A beautiful set of Harness by Messrs. Houston & Overby.

Two Rifles of Mr. M. A. Baker's make.

Beautiful Boots and Shoes made by Mr. M. Faulk.

Various articles of Furniture from the Manufactory of Mr. J. W. Baker.

Specimens of Pressed Bricks, superior to any ever before made here, by Wm. A. McIntyre.

Fayetteville Mould Candles from Mr. A. M. Campbell's Factory—very fine.

A box of Yellow Soap from Wilmington.

Spirits bbls., remarkably well made, from Messrs. McLaurin & Strange's shops.

A Plough, combining various kinds of Ploughs, handle and all made of iron, by Mr. Isaac McCaskill, of Richmond county.

Another, with three colters, made by direction of Col. A. S. McNeill of this county, costing not a third of the Northern inferior article. Both these ploughs seem to us to merit notice from farmers.

A patent Corn Sheller, manufactured and for sale by Mr. J. G. Cook.

A Thresher, owner not recollected.
A Churn, do.

A bbl. Flour, from Mr. Tyson, Moore county.

A beautifully carved and lettered Tomb Stone, and Sun-Dial, by Mr. George Lauder.

A very remarkable first effort at Statuary, by Mr. Vernon.

Specimens of the excellent Silk and other Hats made here by Messrs. Gee, of the quality of which we are able to judge, as we have worn none but their make for some years.

Beautiful sets of Painted Chamber Tin Ware, and other fine work, from Mr. C. W. Andrews's establishment. These are to be sold at auction, and a part of the proceeds to go to the Society, the liberal donation of Mr. A.

Specimens of Yarns and Sheetings, from the Fayetteville, Rockfish, Beaver Creek, and Blount's Creek Factories.

Kerseys, from John Shortridge, Chatham.

Specimens of the Coal, Iron Ore, and Paint, of the Deep River region, exhibited by L. J. Haughton, Esq.

A bundle of superior Book Printing Paper, from Mr. Murphy's Mill, Rockfish.

Of Agricultural Productions, there were many specimens of Corn, Rice, Potatoes, Turnips, Colewort, &c.

Of Fruits, we remember only some remarkably fine Apples, by Mr. Duncan McArthur, and a lot of Chestnuts (an unusual growth so far east) from Mr. T. H. Pemberton's farm in this vicinity. A lot of Fruit Trees by Col. C. Lutterloh. Also Flowers and Shrubbery, by Col. L.

We have only room and time for a brief notice of the contributions of the Ladies, (with which perhaps we ought to have commenced our imperfect enumeration.)

Of the *useful*, a large variety of articles has been contributed by Mrs. A. A. McKethan, such as a Ham, Cakes, Preserves, Breads, &c.

Of Butter, there are but few specimens, but they are of rare beauty. We noticed those of Mrs. John McNeill, Mrs. A. H. Dewar, Mrs. Joel Williams, and Mrs. Jonathan Evans.

Preserves, Jellies, Pickles, &c. contributed by Mrs. Hinsdale, Mrs. Gen. Winslow, Mrs. W. B. Wright, Mrs. Hale, and various others, not recollected.

Of Needle Work, &c. there are numerous beautiful and ingenious specimens. Quilts by Mrs. Christopher Munroe, Mrs. Jas. Kyle, Jr., Miss Pearce, and others. A delicately beautiful Lady's Cap by Mrs. Kate Murchison. A Cushion, by Miss Powell of Richmond county. Ladies' Collars, very beautiful, by Mrs. Myrover, Mrs. Walker, and others. Lamp and Flower Mats, by Miss Raboteau and Miss S E Smith.

Superior Home made Jeans, by Mrs. James McKethan; and Linsey and Yarn, by Mrs. Ann McNeill of Robeson.

The above is a very imperfect and hasty account of what we saw during the short time we had to spare on yesterday. There were many other noticeable things present, and there will doubtless be more to see to-day, and we hope a better opportunity to see it all.

Addresses will be delivered to-day about 12 o'clock, by E. L. Winslow and Jas. Banks, Esqrs.

And a meeting of the Agricultural Society will be held this evening in the Town Hall.

JUDGE RUFFIN'S ADDRESS ON SLAVERY.—Our readers may remember that we asked particular attention to that part of Judge Ruffin's Address at the late State Fair, which related to the subject of slavery and slave labor; and that we regretted that there was no probability of its ever being heard of North of the Potomac, where its sober and statesmanlike views ought to be read, and ought to have an effect. As we feared, we have neither seen nor heard of an allusion to it in any paper published in the free States. The nearest approach to it is, that the Washington Union publishes the whole of that part of the address, accompanied by the following just and appropriate remarks:—

"The reader will find the extracts in our paper to-day, from the annual address delivered by Chief Justice Ruffin, before the Agricultural Society of North Carolina, worthy of a careful perusal. He discusses the subject of labor in connexion with slavery with a calm, philosophic mind, and presents the subject in a light well calculated to remove prejudices which are contributing much to the sectional jealousies now existing between the North and the South. It should be remembered that Judge Ruffin is no politician. For scores of years he presided over the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and, by his great legal learning and his universally-conceded integrity, aided in giving to the decisions of that court a standing enjoyed by few others in the Union. In connexion with his official duties he has constantly devoted himself to the cultivation of his farm. The opinions of such a man, now that he is far advanced in life, with no possible motive to mislead, but with a heart strongly dedicated to the honor and prosperity of his country and the perpetuation of the Union, cannot fail to be productive of good impressions upon all who can appreciate wise and patriotic counsels. Admonished by age, Judge Ruffin resigned his office of chief justice; and now, as chairman of Orange county court, and as a plain farmer, he fills the highest place in the esteem and respect of his fellow-citizens."

CONGRESS.—The first session of the 34th Congress will commence on Monday next; though it is quite probable that the House of Representatives will not be organized, by the election of Speaker, on that or for many subsequent days. The triangular parties are so equally balanced that no election can take place until a coalition, or combination, of some sort, shall have been brought about. And to effect this, a great deal of negotiation may be necessary, and perhaps not a little corruption be practised. The control of the House, through the Speakership and the Committees, carries with it so much power and patronage, so much spoils, such a vast amount of what is familiarly known in Washington as "the pickings and stealings," that no stone will be left unturned by the rival contenders for it all. The contest may therefore, be a very protracted one.

For ourselves, we look for but little of good from this Congress. Perhaps the condition of parties,—no one being in a majority,—may be such as to prevent much evil except that produced upon the public mind by the agitation of the slavery question, and the intrigues for the next Presidency.

The fellow who "cracked a joke" has sent it to be repaired.

PROPOSED RETALIATION.—A bill is before the Legislature of Georgia, providing for the confiscation of debts due by citizens of that State to any citizen of another State where the Fugitive Slave Law shall not be enforced. For instance, should a Georgia slave escape to Massachusetts, and not be delivered up on demand, the owner is to be empowered to collect the value out of any person who may owe money to any one in Massachusetts, and the debtor in Georgia is to be required to disclose, under oath, the amount of indebtedness to citizens of Massachusetts.

It is not probable that the bill will become a law, or, if it should, that it would be sustained as constitutional. But besides this, it would be rendered inoperative by the refusal of persons in the free States to credit any one in Georgia. The credit of that State would be annihilated at once; for, however willing and able the debtor in Georgia might be to pay honestly the last cent of his obligations, such a law would step in and apply the debt to another creditor, so to speak.

If there be any mode by which Southern slave owners can obtain redress for the losses sustained by the stealing of their property by people in Massachusetts and other free States, we would like to see it adopted. But it is plain that this Georgia plan is not the thing. It would damage Georgia more than Massachusetts. It would be like "biting off one's nose to spite his face."

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH DAY.—The N. Y. Commercial suggests a National Celebration of Washington's Birth-day. Congress is requested to declare the 22d of February a national holiday, and thus establish a national memorial as perpetual as the country to which Washington's patriotism gave birth and continuity.

The Commercial thinks that such Congressional action would be hailed with delight by all people of all sections; and that such a celebration would tend largely to unite us all more firmly than ever in the bonds of brotherhood and fellowship.

THE WAR RUMORS.—The Washington Union of Sunday last disposes of the war rumors by the following statement authorised by the Department of State:

"In consequence of the publications in the London journals of the 23d, 24th and 25th of October, Mr. Buchanan requested an interview with Lord Clarendon for the purpose of asking explanations on the subject. They held two interviews—one on the 29th of October and the other on the 1st of November. At these interviews Lord Clarendon declared that the proposed naval expedition originated in no purpose unfriendly to the United States; that its object was a defensive one, to protect British commerce against Russian privateers, three or four of which were said to be fitting out in New York, and one of them nearly ready for sea; that this particular one was a large and fast vessel, specially intended to intercept British ships from Australia conveying gold to England, with purpose in the first instance to capture one of the Cunard steamers; and, in justification of the general statement, he referred expressly to the case of the barque Maury, as represented in affidavits communicated by Mr. Barclay, the British consul at New York, to Mr. Crampton, and by the latter transmitted to his Government, and at the same time laid before the Government of the United States.

"We have already stated that the investigation instigated by Mr. Barclay resulted in showing clearly that there was no truth in his allegation against the barque Maury."

AMERICAN IRON.—Hunt's Merchant's Magazine says that there can no longer be a doubt of the superiority of American over English rail road, bar and pig iron. As to rail road iron, it is stated that on the Reading (coal) road, where careful examinations have been recorded, and with a tonnage unsurpassed by any rail road in the world, it is found that American iron wears out but one-third to one-half so fast as the English. The average of six years' wear of 60 lbs. English rail was above 11 per cent. annually. On the same track, and subjected to the same connage—15,000,000 of freight and cars in six years—the wear of Pennsylvania iron was at the rate of 5 per cent. annually.

MARITIME POWERS.—The United States, in 1854, had the largest commercial marine in the world—40,500 vessels, of 5,661,416 tonnage. Great Britain and her Colonies next; 30,960 vessels, of 5,043,275 tonnage. Our superiority is scarcely confined to number and capacity of vessels. The seamen who man them are probably unequalled.

Senator Douglas of Illinois has been ill in bed for three weeks, and no change for the better has occurred to give assurance when he can be out again.

YADKIN NAVIGATION.—John A. Boyden, Esq. of Salisbury, has been elected President of the Yadkin Navigation Co. The Watchman says that active operations will soon be commenced.

Southern Rivers.—Intelligence received at New Orleans on the 18th inst., was to the effect that rivers in all directions (both in Alabama and Mississippi) had risen under the influence of heavy rains; an immense quantity of cotton and other produce was coming forward, much to the relief of planters. During the week ending Nov. 17th, 57,500 bales of cotton were sold at New Orleans, 44,374 bales received, and 23,000 bales exported.

The Secretary of the Navy.—We have seen a statement lately in several newspapers that the present very efficient Secretary of the Navy contemplates the resignation of his office soon after the commencement of the coming session of Congress. We have the best authority for stating that such is not the case. The greatly impaired health of the Secretary has induced his physicians to recommend him to pass the winter at the South, and it is probable he will leave Washington about the first of the new year, and return to his post as soon as his health will permit.

Baltimore Amer.

Correspondence of the Commercial Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, November 23.

There is no possibility of an assent, by the House, to the admission of Kansas, at present, with slavery; nor will the Senate agree to its admission as a free State, until by another election it shall be proved beyond question, that the inhabitants, by a decided majority, were opposed to the toleration of slavery. The contingency which Gov. Johnston of Georgia, proposed to meet by dissolution, cannot occur, for the application of Kansas for admission into the Union, will not be rejected, "because of the existence of slavery therein." The question will be, therefore, whether the South will take measures of resistance, because the Kansas people do not desire to establish or tolerate slavery. It is not surprising that the Southern politicians have determined to make a struggle for Kansas, for it is almost the only possible chance they have for the addition of another slave State to the Union. The first new State to be carved out of Texas will undoubtedly be a free State.

Our Government has carried on the brag game—Cushing against Palmerston—Crampton's dismissal against the screw steamers—long enough, and the present aspect of things about the White House, State Department, Attorney General's office, and the Union office is very pacific.

The Democratic leaders of the House are averse to any compromises with the K. N's or with the other parties. They say they will stand firmly in their ranks of 84—all told—and await results. They expect odds and ends to come to them, and without promises or pledges. ALPHA.

Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.—At the afternoon session yesterday, of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, the following officers were duly elected for the ensuing year:

W. J. Hoke, of Lincolnton, Grand Master; J. E. Morris, of New Berne, Deputy Grand Master; J. E. Jones, of Washington, Grand Warden; A. P. Repiton, of Wilmington, Grand Secretary, R. J. Jones, of Wilmington, Grand Treasurer, R. A. Caldwell, of Wadesboro, and Jno. N. Washington, of New Berne, Grand Representatives to the G. L. of the U. S.; Rev. Malcom L. Douglas, of Duplin, Grand Chaplain.

The sessions of the Grand Lodge have thus far been conducted with the utmost harmony. It is not probable that an adjournment will take place before to-morrow.—*Wil. Herald.*

There are 1,806 contributing members within the jurisdiction of the Lodge.

Amounts received during the past year—for initiations $1,995 50; Degrees, $4,056 12; Dues, $742 34; Widows and Orphans, $2,465 30.—$3,987 43 have been expended during the year for relief purposes.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE.—Mr. Rusk has been unanimously re-elected to the U. S. Senate. Such an election is alike honorable to the Senator, the Legislature, and the public men of the State. There must be few office-seekers in Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26.

Later From Mexico.—The Orizaba has arrived, with Mexican advices to the 18th inst.

Alvarez entered the city of Mexico with 5000 men and took quiet possession—the garrison having previously evacuated. The seat of government is to be removed to Boleris de Hidalgo on the 17th of February. The best feeling exists between Alvarez and Vidauri.

Uraga has been appointed Minister to Prussia. Sciota has resigned the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

MARRIED,

At Savannah, in this county, on Tuesday, the 27th inst., by the Rev. D. D. McBryde, Mr. K. M. MURCHISON, of Wilmington, to Miss KATE, second daughter of Joel Williams, Esq.

At Everettsville, Wayne county, on the 27th Sept. last, by John A. Kornegay, Esq., Mr. LEWIS HERRING to Miss ELIZA L. CHERRY, daughter of the late Wm. D. Cherry, dec'd.

DIED,

In this county, on Tuesday evening last, very suddenly, Mrs. McDANIEL, wife of the Rev. James McDaniel.

At the Gulf, Chatham county, N. C., on the night of the 11th inst, Mr. HOOPER WEBSTER, 4th son of Albert and Amy Webster, in the 19th year of his age.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Cape Fear Line. Nov. 29.—Str. Flora McDonald, with goods for A A McKethan, J M Worth & Co, J N Smith, J & V W Perry, Union Co, J Worth & Sons, J A Womack & Co, Buck Shoals Co, J W Field, Banner & Marten, S J Hinsdale, Murchison, Reid & Co, Worth & Utley, H Wright, D Murphy, H Marten & Bro, R T Long, M Faulk, Deep River Co, Houston & Overby, T B Tyson, W O Lash, R H Massey, Transon & Bro, W W Verdin, Rev R DeSchweinitz, E Belo, S C Bruce, A A F Sowell & Bro, Headen & Bynum, Mason & Armfield, J A Pemberton, J J Jackson, Rockfish Co, D S Knight, Gardner & Co.

McLaurin's Line. Nov. 27. Str Southerner, with goods for A A McKethan, E L Pemberton, A Newson, D & W McLaurin, J Hall, A J O'Hanlon, F Fries, M Foy, H Erambert, D Anderson, E Belo, D Murphy, J Boner, T Lineback, E A Vogler & Co.

Lutterloh & Co.'s Line. Nov. 28th, Str. Fanny, with passengers, and goods for S T Hawley & Son, J W Powers & Co, T L Howard, Stedman & Horn, How & Chase, J H Hall, H Erambert, E Whitehead, Beaver Creek Co, Webb & Bro, J A Craven, W Bow, A Gibson, C T Haigh & Sons, E J Hale & Son, F L Gorrell, S J Hinsdale, J D Callais.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 24.—Brig Ellen Baden from Havana. 25.—Schr. Isabella Thompson from Philadelphia. 27.—Barque E Churchill fm Straits of Gibraltar.

Clinton Female Institute,
CLINTON, SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C.

THE next Session of this Institute will commence on the 2d Monday of September next.

For particulars, see Catalogue and Circular, or address L. C. Graves, A. M., Principal, or the Secretary of the Trustees.

H. A. BIZZELL, Sec'y
of Board of Trustees.

Clinton, July 16, 1855. 1y*tf

LOOK HERE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, until Christmas, a Distillery and its fixtures, Cooper Shop, Dwelling and Store House. Also, 600 acres of Pine Land, very well cleared productive, and suitable for Turpentine. Only a portion of the Trees have been boxed, and the boxes have been used but one season. There is a large quantity of Turpentine land adjoining, which can be purchased.

The Situation is healthy, with good water, and every convenience desirable. It lies on the McArthur Road, in the lower edge of Moore County.

A. B. JONES,
Juniper Spring, Moore county

Oct. 23, 1854. 44*tf

CUMBERLAND COUNTY FAIR.

The several Examining Committees of the Agricultural Society of Cumberland County awarded the following Premiums at their Annual Exhibition, Nov. 28th, 29th, and 30th, 1855.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

W A Evans, 52 bus. Corn, on a field lacking 10 square yards of an acre, premium, $25
Wm McMillan, 46¼ bu. on 1 acre, dip
Joel Williams, for 5032 lbs. Hay on 1 acre, 5
J W Pearce, 412½ bu. Sweet Potatoes, 1¼ acre, 5
E Partridge, Moore Co., best specimen Blue Stone Wheat, dip
Wm H H Tyson, Moore co., best bbl. Flour, 5
Hugh McLean, Harnett Co., best lot Corn Meal, 3
Torquil Shaw, " " Corn, 1
Jno Kirkpatrick, Cumb'd, " " 1
J McKellar, best stalk Corn, 5 ears to stalk, dip
T J Robinson, best Canada prolific Corn, 5 stalks and 10 ears from 1 grain, dip
Col A S McNeill, Harnett co. 2d best lot Meal, dip
Murdoch McRae, Robeson, best specimen Rice, 3
Jona Evans, best specimen Sweet Potatoes, 1
D McArthur, best Apples. 2
Wm H Gainey, best lot Rosin, 1

LIVE STOCK.

Jas McIntyre, best 4 year old Stallion, $10
J W Purdie, Bladen, 2d best do. 5
T I Faison, Sampson, best Filly over 3 yrs. old 4

SECOND CLASS.

Arthur Melvin, Esq., best Stallion over 4 yrs. 8
Wm H Gainey, 2d best do. 4
Wm A Faison, Sampson, best Brood Mare, 6
" " 2d best Roan do. 3
J C Ellerbe, Richmond, Mare Colt, 6

THIRD CLASS.

D P West, best brood Mare, $6
T T Williams, best Saddle Horse, 6
A H Dewar, Esq. best brood Mare 7 yrs. old. 3
Dr J F Foulkes, best pair Carriage Horses, 5
Col Seymour, 2d best do. do. 3
R W Hamlett, 1 pair fine Horses, dip
L T Clayton, Raleigh, do. do. dip

[These two last pairs of horses were not in time to compete for the premiums.]

Torquil Shaw, fine Brood Mare, 4 yrs old, 2 00
Jas McIntyre, " saddle and harness Horse, dip
Dr B C Williams, match Horses, "
T F Williamson, " harness " "

JACKS AND MULES.

T D McDowell, Bladen, best Jack, $5
W A Evans, 2d best do. dip
John Waddill, best Mule, 2
Cyrus McNeill, Robeson, best 1 year old do. dip
T D McDowell, Bladen, exhibited a fine Mule, but not being raised in the State, dip
J T Slade, Esq., a fine Mule, dip

CATTLE.

J T Slade, Rockingham, best Durham Bull, but not entitled to premium, not from adjoining county, dip
J T Slade, best Durham Cow dip
John Elliot, Cumberland co. best Native Bull Calf $2
Thos M Sackett, " " best heifer Calf 2
J A Worth, " " best Milch Cow 4
Thos J Robinson, " " twin calves dip
Wm McLaurin, " " Milch Cow and twin Calves dip

SWINE.

H Newell, Fayetteville, best sow $5
Thos B Cowan, Bladen co. " Nobone Sow and Shoat 5
John Waddill, best lot of Hogs 5
Thos H Pemberton, best large Shoat 5
H B Ferguson, 2 shoats 5
J G Cook, breeding sow 5
L K Bryant, 1 Guina Pig, dip

SHEEP.

Hugh McLean, Harnett, best Cotswold Buck $5

FOWLS.

A J O'Hanlon, largest number of Shanghais $2
A Alden, best Chittagongs 2
Master Wm R Smith, Royal Cochin China 2
Hugh McLean, Buff Shanghai, 2
" " best lot Dominico Shanghai, 2
Theo Evans, " " Bramah Pootra, 2
Hugh Graham, " single pair " 2
Wm R Smith, " " white " 2
Geo W Pearce, best black Spanish, 2
Lucian Tyson, Moore co. Shanghai Game, 2
David McDuffie, 1 pair Sea Brights, dip
" " best pair cross, 2
Jno Waddill, " Game, Wagoner and black Eagle, 2
H G Hall, best native Game Stock, 2
Dr J T Foulks, one pair Capons, 1
Wm M K Lumsden, Jersy Blue Stock, 1
Mrs R F Murphy, Madagascar Stock, 1
Mrs A McGregor, large and choice Fowls, 1
Wm R Smith, Friezland, Bantam and half Shanghai, dip
D McDuffie, handsome Shanghais, dip
Mrs Hooper, half " "
Mrs. Wm Alderman, half " "
A J Woodward, Bramah Pootras, "
Miss S A Tillinghast, Cochin China and Game, "
Geo W Gee, Jersey Blue Game, "
Mrs Jas Kyle, " " "
Joseph G Arey, for Dick, the warbler, "
David Anderson, a Hermaphrodite Fowl, "
Mrs A M Campbell, Shanghai and Bramahs, "
Miss Ann Eliza Elliot, 1 pair Bantams, dip

The Committee are indebted to Mr D McDuffie, for some *very large* Shanghai Eggs.

DUCKS.

Miss Lizzy Williams, best white English, $2
Mrs Mary Elliot, " Hanover, 2
" E C Hall, " white Muscovies, 2
Master C T Haigh, largest number " 2
Geo W Pearce, Guinea Hen, dip
Mrs Jane Kyle, largest Turkies, dip
Hugh McLean, best Wild " $2
Geo W Pearce, best pair Tame " dip

EAGLES.

The Committee present their thanks to Mrs Arch'd McGregor for the interest given to this department by the presentation of a fine American Eagle, the proud emblem of *a proud*, prosperous and happy people.

FRUIT TREES.

Col C Lutterloh, a large and handsome variety, $2

VEGETABLES.

Mrs Jas Huske, best Red Top Turnips, 1
Wm B Wright, " Rutabaga " 1
Jas Strange, Esq., " Large White " 1
Wm McNeill, " Flat Dutch, " 1
D McArthur, " " " 1
Wm McMilian, " Norfolk " 1
Mrs T Waddill, " Large Red Beets, 1
T B Cowan, " Colewart, dip
J W Pearce, " Drumhead Cabbage dip
Joel Williams, " Pumpkin Squash, dip
J A Worth, " Mustard, dip
Jos Weisiger, Citron Melon, dip
Jona Evans, lot Sweet Potatoes, dip
Rich'd Faucett, Chatham co., Irish Potatoes, dip
———, Vegetable Dish Cloth, dip
J W Pearce, Fine Beets, dip
Mrs S Smith, " Cabbage, dip
H L Myrover, " Colewarts, dip
E King, Turnip, 5½ lbs., dip

BUTTER.

Mrs A H Dewar, 1st premium, $2
" Jno McNeill, " 2
" Jno Evans, " 2
" Joel Williams, 2d " dip
" Jona Evans, 2d " dip

CHEESE.

Mrs Arch'd McGregor, best Home-made, $2

FRUITS AND FLOWERS.

Col C Lutterloh, best variety Green House Plants, 30 in number, among which were flourishing Japonicas in full bud, $1
Mrs Wm Taylor, fine Orange tree, full of fruit, 1
" large and beautiful Cactus, dip
Mrs Hooper, fine Cactus in full bloom, dip
Master Jno Anderson, large Cape Jessamine, dip
Mrs T S Lutterloh, vase of Roses, dip
Dr Benj Robinson, fine Native Oranges, dip
Mrs A Gilchrist, best Boquet Roses, $1

HOUSEHOLD FABRICS.

Mrs W T Smith, Corded Counterpane, $2
" Dimity " 2
" Jas McKethan, Worked " 2
" Dimity " 1
" J E Kyle, Quilt, 2
" James Kyle, Silk Quilt, 3
Miss Jane Munroe, Quilt, 2
Mrs Christopher Munroe, Quilt, 1
Miss Ann C Pearce, Silk " (unfinished,) 1
Mrs J A Worth, Dimity Counterpane, 1
" J K McDuffie, Woolen " 1
" Embossed " 1
" Battle, 2 " 2
" A H Dewar, 2 worked " 2
" A McGregor, " 2
" Blanket, dip
" Table Cloth, dip
Miss C A McKay, Toilet Cushion, dip
" Louisa Underwood, Sampson co., Infant Skirt, 1
Mrs Col Murchison, Sewing Chair, 1
" H L Myrover, Infant's Sack, 1
" W T Smith, piece Linsey, 2
" J A Worth, " 1
" R P Freeman, Transferred Work Collar, dip
" T H Pemberton, Bead Basket, dip
" Pine Burr Basket, $1
Miss M J McNeill, " 1
Mrs C M Walker, Crotchet Collar and Cuffs, 2
Miss Susan Johnson, Infant's Dress, dip
" Eliza Tillinghast, Pantaletts, dip
" Mary Newby, Infant's Sack, $1
" Bettie C Powell, Richm'd co, Sofa Cushion, 2
Mrs T S Lutterloh, 3 Bonnets, 2
Miss Louisa Smith, Embroidered Slippers, 1
Mrs P Swan, " 1
Miss M J Thompson, Piano Cover, dip
Mrs Ann C McNeill, piece Linsey, $1
Miss M B Graham, 1 piece Jeans, dip
" Rob't Johnson, Basket worked Flowers, dip
" H L Myrover, 2 worked Collars, $1
Miss Fannie Lloyd, Ottoman Cover, 2
Mrs M A Fuller, Child's Dress, 1
Miss C M Ferguson, Worked Collar, 1
" S A Tillinghast, " 1
" Robina Tillinghast, Crotchet Collar, 1
Mrs Benbow, Linen Stockings $1
" Cotton Socks, dip
Miss Laura Baker, Sewing Silk, dip
" Ann Eliza Smith, Child's Hat, dip
Mrs K M Murchison, Cap, $1
" A A McKethan, Worked Cap, 1
Miss D A Bailey, pair Net Socks, 1
Mrs Dr McSwain, Worked Infant's Dress, 1
Miss Mary Newby, " " 1
Mrs Col Murchison, Toilet Cushion, dip
Miss Harriet E Crow, Emb'd Lamp Mat, dip
Mrs J E Kyle, Crotchet Mats, dip
" Jas McKethan, piece Black Jeans, 2
Miss Mary W Pipkin, 2 Ottoman Covers, $2
" M J Thompson 2 " 2
" Cornelia A McKay, 8 years old, Toilet Cushion, 1
Mrs B Fuller, Infant's Dress and Hat, 1
Miss Susan Deming, 1 ps Embroidery, dip
Mrs J D Williams, Worsted Embroidery, dip
Mrs J C Smith, Saddle Housing, 1
Miss Celea Myrover, 1 Mat, dip
Mrs John Smith, 2 Scotch Bonnets, "
Mrs Wm McMillan, Quilt, "
Mrs R W Hardie, " "
Miss E M McPherson, " "
Mrs J R McDuffie, " "
Mrs J Kyle, " "
Mrs E A Reade, " "
Misses F A & J McPherson, " "
Mrs John Evans, " "
Miss Mary Raboteau, Lamp Mat, 1 00
Mrs A H Whitfield, emb'd Infant's Dress, dip
Miss Harriet E Crow, Tidy, "
Mrs Christopher Munroe, Table Cloth, "
Mrs H L Myrover, Palmetto Basket, "
Mark, "Mary," Toilet Cushion, 1 00
Miss Martha Rush, Bead Purse, 1 00
Mrs J E Kyle, painted Cushion, dip
Mrs John McNeill, Embroidery, 1 00
Mrs L J Haughton, Chatham County, Infant's Dress, 1 00

HATS, SHOES, AND CLOTHING, &c.

Malcom Faulk, 1 pr Fine Boots, 2 00
" " 1 " Patent " dip
" " 1 " Gent's Gaiters, 1 00
Geo W & D Gee, best Silk Hats, 2 00
" " 1 fancy Hat, dip
" " best Plantation Hats, 2 00
" " ½ doz Wool " 2 00
Miss Anna Ray, emb'd Vest, 1 00
A J Woodward, Ready-made Clothing, dip
Jas McPherson, " " "
Houston & Overby, fine set Buggy Harness, $5
" " fancy Bridle, dip

MILL FABRICS.

Rockfish Manf Co, 1st best 4-4 Brown Sheeting, 3 00
Beaver Creek Co, 2d best 4-4 " " dip
" " " Cotton Yarn, 3 00
Blount's Creek " " Osnaburgs, 3 00
Mrs Ann McNeill, Robeson Co., Woolen Yarn, 2 00
" " " fine Linsey, 2 00
Mrs W T Smith, Cumb'd, Negro Linsey, 2 00
Mrs Jas McKethan, " Woolen Jeans, 2 00
Mrs M B Graham, " " 1 00
Worth & Utley, for Shortridge, Kersey, 3 00
Jonathan Evans, Cat-tail Bed, 2 00
David Murphy, Printing Paper, 3 00
Sam'l W Tillinghast & Co, fine Carpeting, dip
Shemwell & McDonald, " " "

HAND POWER.

Jas G Cook, a Corn Sheller, a great improvement, 3 00
John Kershaw, Grain Thresher, 10 00
S S Everett, Patent Churn, 3 00

FARM VEHICLES.

Holland & Weisiger, best 4 horse Wagon, 10 00
A A McKethan, " open Buggy, 5 00
C B Mallett, " Harrow, 5 00
Col A S McNeill, " Cultivator, 2 00

SUNDRIES.

M A Baker, best lot Guns, 5 00
Houston & Overby, 3 bbl. Gun, dip
W A McIntyre, fine No. 1 Brick, 5 00
R W Smith, Wood Ware, 3 00
McLaurin & Strange, best Spirit Bbls., 3 00
A H Dewar, Rose Upper Leather, 2 00
C W Andrews, best Tin Ware, 2 00
A M Campbell, Tallow Candles, 1 00
Messrs. Costin & Gafford, Wilmington, exhibited a fine specimen Bar Soap, but not being accompanied with a written process of the mode of making, as required, no premium can be awarded.
Isaac McCaskill, Richmond county, best Iron Plough, 1st prem., 5 00
D S Knight, Corn and Cob Mill;—fully entitled to a premium, but not being from an adjoining county, as required, no premium can be awarded. The Committee believe it to be a very good and useful Machine. dip
J W Baker, 1 lot Furniture, dip
Jas D Nott, Daguerreotypes, $2
Mrs Eliza Currie, Robeson, Painting in water colors, $1
H Erambert, Handsome Paintings, dip
Miss Gilchrist, Handsome Drawings, dip
Mr. D. Worth, Drawing, dip
Mrs Geo W Williams, 1 Painting, dip
" D Worth, 1 Drawing, dip
Miss Kate Carman, 2 Paintings, dip
" Mary Williams, 1 Painting, dip
" Aphia Williams, " dip
Pearce & Ferguson, 1 fine Dress, dip
Miss Laura Baker, Sweet-scented Soap, dip
John McRae, Patent Glass beehive, dip
Oliver Newland, fine Tobacco, 2 00
Williamson & Pinnix, " " 2 00
George L. Johnson, Fancy Penmanship, 1
J. B. Ferguson, Plain " 1

FOOD, CONDIMENTS, &c.

Mrs W B Wright, Quince Jelly, 1 00
" " " 1 jar of Pickles, 1 00
Miss Mary E Robinson, Quince Jelly, 1 00
Mrs James McKethan, Apple Jelly, 1 00
" A A McKethan, Sweet Pickle Peaches, 1 00
" A W Steel, Preserved Quinces, 1 00
" E J Hale, Mangoes 8 yrs old, 1 00
" C M Winslow, Oil Mangoes, 1 00
" Col A S McNeill, Preserv'd Crab-Apple, 1 00
" H L Myrover, Sweet Pickle Cherries, 1 00
" Col A S McNeill, Peaches dried in sugar, 1 00
" Farquhard Smith, Onion Pickles, without cooking, 1 00
" E J Hale, Foot Jelly, 1 00
" J C Thomson, Glass Melon, 1 00
" Jonathan Evans, Scuppernong Grapes, 1 00
" A S McNeill, Tomato Sauce, 1 00
" " Scuppernong Jelly, dip
" T H Pemberton, 1 cooked Ham, dip
" " 1 Pound Cake, 1 00
" James Huske, 1 Dress Cake, 1 00
" S W Tillinghast, 1 Sponge Cake, 1 00
" J Kyle, Bread, 1 00
" " Rusk, dip
" J A Worth, 1 Loaf Bread, 1 00
" A A McKethan, 1 Loaf Bread, dip
" C M Winslow, 1 Loaf Bread, dip
" John Elliot, 1 Loaf Bread, dip
" " plain Corn Bread, dip
" H L Myrover, 1 lot Corn & Flour Bread, 1 00
" A A McKethan, 1 sample dried Beef, 1 00
" T S Lutterloh, Corn Beef, dip
" John Elliot, 1 Ham, 1 00
" A A McKethan, 1 Roast Turkey, 1 00
" W B Wright, 1 Apple Pudding, 1 00
" A A McKethan, 1 Ham, 1 00
" John MacRae, 1 lot Honey in Comb, 1 00
" C E Leete, 1 bot. Scuppernong Wine, dip
Miss Kate Ochiltree, 1 bottle Wine, 1 00
Mrs C B Mallett, 1 bot. Blackberry Wine, dip
Mr Hugh McLean, 9 sealed cans Peaches, 1 00
Mrs W J Anderson, 1 Sponge Cake, dip
" T H Pemberton, 1 box native Chestnuts, dip
" T H Pemberton, specimen of Pea, similar to the Cow Pea; growing under the ground like the Ground Pea; great curiosity.

MINERALS.

L J Haughton, Chatham co. Bituminous Coal, $2
" " " " Iron Ore, 2
" " " " Mineral Paint, 2
Col Alex Murchison, Harnett co, Specimen Granite, 1
Miss Emily R Tillinghast, beautiful specimens Fossil Vegetable, Crystalized Quartz and other specimens of minerals, 1
Dr Benbow, case of Mineral Teeth, dip

TROTTING MATCH.

Between Messrs. A. Alden and Geo. Croffton, in Buggies. Time:
A. Alden, 3m. 40s. 5 00
Geo. Croffton, 3m. 42s. dip
Raiford Cole, Pacing, Time, 4m. "
Marshall Williams, " " 4m. 30s. "

DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS.

The Committee on Discretionary Premiums find but few articles which are not embraced under specific heads.

Among the few are,—

1st. A very remarkable specimen of Sculpture,—a first effort,—by Mr. Vernon, to which they award a Diploma and a Premium of $5.

2d. An admirably designed and executed Tombstone and a Sun-Dial, by Mr. Geo. Lauder. Diploma and Premium of $5.

3d. A Model of a Dam and Lock, by Col. A. S. McNeill. Diploma.

4th. Two admirably executed Drawings of Locomotives, by Mr. E. N. Robinson, Civil Engineer. A Diploma.

5th. Several Sample Cards of Superior Hardware, exhibited by Messrs. Cook & Johnson. Diploma.

6th. 2 China Vases, brought direct from China. Exhibited by Miss Kate Ochiltree. Diploma.

7th. A bunch of Heather, in flower, from the Pentland Hills, (Heart of Midlothian,) Scotland. Received by Mr. George Lauder, from his native land, and exhibited by him. Diploma.

At the close of the Fair, a number of articles were sold at auction, the exhibiters liberally giving the whole or a portion of the proceeds to the Society.

☞ We are under obligations to the Secretary of the Society and Mr. Wm. McL. McKay, for the labor of preparing the above list for prompt publication in to-day's paper. The very imperfect manner in which some of the Committees presented their reports made the labor great.

Fine Cotton and Seed.—We have been shown a sample of splendid cotton, grown by David Shelton, Esq., on his farm at Buffalo Springs, Mecklenburg, and it is truly extraordinary for richness and beauty.

Mr. Shelton plants only two seeds of this cotton to each hill, and can thus save over two hundred per cent., in proportion to using common seed. He has a quantity of the seed now for sale cheap. Cotton growers would do well to test the above seeds.

Great Profit on Whiskey.—The present price of raw whiskey in Louisville (according to the Courier of that city) is 34 cents per gallon, which yields an enormous profit to the distiller. He pays 30 cents per bushel for his corn, (new corn,) grinds out about four hundred bushels per day, which makes upwards of sixteen hundred gallons of new whiskey, or rather more than four gallons to the bushel. Thus, a bushel of corn costing 30 cents yields to the manufacturer upwards of four gallons of whiskey, which, at 34 cents per gallon amounts to the snug sum of $544 per day. The net profit on this single day's work of converting corn into whiskey is fully $250, or upwards of $1,500 per week.

"What's in a Name?"—A friend just returned from abroad says he once found two Austrian custom house officers endeavoring to make out his name from his travelling trunk. One called while the other wrote. They had got it "Mr. Varanti Solezier." The trunk was marked 'Warranted sole-leather.'

Gay Times in the City.—Balls, weddings dinners, parties of all kinds this week. Extravagance greater than ever. Jewels and diamonds more abundant. Even $2000 Russian sable capes are now seen in the streets! California gold is making fools of us—*N. Y. Express.*

CLINGMAN'S PEAK.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13, 1855.

Dear Sir:—The following communication has been received from the Hon. Mr. Clingman, relative to the mountain region of North Carolina, which you will oblige the Smithsonian Institution by publishing in your valuable paper. It contains information of an interesting character relative to the topography of a portion of our country but little known. The highest point of the Black Mountain, now known by the name of "Clingman's Peak," is probably the most elevated point east of the Rocky mountains.

JOSEPH HENRY,
Sec. Smithsonian Inst.

To the Editor of the Spectator.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 20, 1855.

My Dear Sir:—The interest you manifested a year or two since, with reference to one of the mountains in our region, induces me to address this letter to you. From time to time, there have been discussions as to where the highest point of land is to be found, east of the Mississippi river. You doubtless recollect a controversy as to the relative height of the White Mountain of New Hampshire, and the Black Mountain of North Carolina. Prof. Mitchel succeeded, I think, in making it appear, that that portion of the Black Mountain, since calllled "Mitchel's Peak," or "Mount Mitchel," was higher than "Mount Washington," the most elevated point of the White Mountain range.

But even at the time of his measurement, I was of the opinion that he had not succeeded in getting upon the highest point of the Black Mountain. In our frequent conversations, both before and since that time, he did not appear to feel at all confident on the subject. It is with reference to the fact that another peak of the mountain is higher than any ascended, or measured by him, that I purpose now to speak. It may appear strange to some persons, at a distance, that at this time, there should be any doubt as to a fact, capable seemingly of so easy demonstration. Those who have been on the mountain, and who therefore know the difficulty, heretofore, of getting to the top, do not share in this feeling. When, some twenty years ago, Mr. Mitchel began his observations with reference to the height of the mountain, it was much more inaccessible, than it has since become, by reason of the progress of the settlements around its base; so that he was liable to be misled and thwarted by unforseen obstacles in his efforts to reach particular points of the chain, and when he did attain some part of the top of the ridge, nature was too much exhausted, to allow more than an observation as to the immediate locality. It has happened that in his several attempts both from the north and the south he never succeeded in reaching the highest portion of the range.

The Black Mountain lies wholly on the western side of the Blue Ridge, the name given in this state, to the mountain which divides the waters of the Atlantic from those of the Mississippi. It is nearly twenty miles in length, and in form almost makes a semi-circle, with one of its ends projected in the direction of its tangent. In a part of its course it approaches within three miles of the Blue Ridge, and is connected with that mountain by a lower ridge than itself. At the junction, there rises a pyramidal peak, known as "the High Pinnacle" of the Blue Ridge and which is probably the very highest point of the "great divide," surpassing, I think, both the "Grand-father," and the "Hog-back." About one mile north of where this connecting ridge unites with the Black, stands "Mt. Mitchel." Something more than one-third of the entire chain of the mountain runs from this peak, first in a westerly, and at length, in a north-westerly direction. Rather more than half of the ridge of the Black, therefore, lies to the northeast of "Mt. Mitchel." The chain in its entire length is covered, not only on its top, but down its sides, for one or two miles, with dense forests of the balsam fir-tree. Its dark green foliage gives the mountain, whether seen in summer or winter, from all points of the compass, and all distances, the appearance of ground recently burnt over, and irresistibly suggested the name by which it has been known since the earliest settlement of the country. That point which I am satisfied, is the highest of the range, is situated about three miles to the north east of 'Mr. Mitchel.' Having lately visited, with a view of determining, as nearly as possible, under the circumstances, its altitude, I now propose to give you the results of my observations.

I shall, in the first place, assume that the height of "Mitchel's peak" has been correctly ascertained, though, in common with several subsequnt observers, I am inclined to think that Dr. Mitchel rather understates its real altitude above the sea. During his observations he had a barometer stationed at Asheville, for the purpose of comparison with that which he carried with him. Asheville, he estimated to be 2200 feet above the level of the ocean. He gave for the height of the peak bearing his name, 6,672 feet. Between this and another point my comparison has been so made as to leave no doubt, whatever, of the superiority of the latter. During the period of my observations, one barometer was observed by Mr. W. McDowell, the clerk in the Bank of Cape Fear at Asheville, and another by Dr. A. M. Foster, who lives a mile from the village, and who was kind enough to assist me in this manner. From this place to the top of 'Mt. Mitchel,' the distance is not more than twenty miles, in a direct line. The barometer which I carried with me, has been in my possession some months; and repeated trials at various elevations of well known heights, have given me the fullest confidence in its accuracy. Whenever there is a difference of ten feet in the height of two stations no difficulty is experienced in determining it. On the 8th Sept. last, at 9 o'clock and 24 minutes, at the top of "Mt. Mitchel" the barometer stood 23.49 inches. At the highest point, which I reached precisely at 12 o'clock, or 2 hours and 36 minutes later, it was 23.30 inches. I remained on the top until 1 o'clock, without perceiving any change. Taking each of these 19 hundredths at this altitude, to represent 11 feet, there would be a difference of 209 feet, in favor of the latter peak. At Asheville, from 8 o'clock to 12 (the time when he closed the bank,) Mr. McDowell saw no change whatever in his barometer. Dr. Foster observed his at 10 o'clock, at 12 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock, without any change, whatever, being perceptible. Neither observed his barometer at a later hour than I have indicated above. I found, however, at 6 o'clock in the evening, on my return to the house I had left at 8 o'clock in the morning, there had, in the interval of 10 hours, been a fall of 10 hundredths. Independently of the fact that neither gentleman saw any change, during the morning, in his barometer, I have reason to believe that the fall took place in the afternoon, because it became somewhat cloudy, and from the circumstances that the barometer continued to fall slowly for 2 or 3 hours later in the evening. If, however, part of this fall should be taken to have occurred during the morning, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock, it would somewhat reduce the altitude of the highest peak above "Mt. Mitchel," but would still show it to be the higher, from 140 to 200 feet. Of the fact of its greater elevation, no one will doubt who visits them both on the same day, provided it be clear enough to allow them to be seen in connection with the other mountains around.

Until, however, I had attained the highest point, I did not feel altogether sure, but that one of the other peaks, immediately north of it might not be equally, or nearly as high. It happens, however, that the course of the ridge northward was directly towards the "Roan," a mountain, that for nine miles of its length, has nearly a uniform height ascertained by Dr. Mitchell to be 6187 feet above the sea, or more than 500 feet lower than the Black. As its direction is nearly at right angles with the line from my position to it, portions of it were beyond the highest points of the northern range of the Black. Thus, though it was distant nearly 30 miles, in a direct line, and though it was more than 500 feet lower than the spot on which I stood, yet portions of it were visible directly over these points. Having been there more than once, I saw clearly that the line of vision passing the top of any one of the peaks on the Black would have struck it below the crest of its ridge. What was still more satisfactory to me was the fact, that these three points of the Black appeared to the eye to have about the same elevation, being almost but not quite in a line with each other. The northern, or most remote one, at the termination of the mountain, near Burnsville, was ascertained, by Prof. Mitchel, to be 90 feet lower than the "Roan." It was distant from me about 8 miles, and though much lower than I was, yet appeared as high as the nearer points; making it clear, therefore, that the descending line from my eye to it did not fall below any part of the chain north of me. I was in this way fully satisfied that the ground on which I stood was higher than any of these points.

I may remark, in confirmation of the barometrical measurement, that, when one is standing on the top of "Mt. Mitchel," while the peak I visited appears the highest of all above the horizon, the remote ones are still visible and may be seen still in connection with the "Roan," but appear to rise considerably above it. Taking the indications of the barometer to be correct, as observed by me, and assuming the height of "Mitchel's peak" to be 6672 feet, the other would be 6881 feet above the ocean. But according to the surveys for the line of the extension of the Western Railroad, as detailed in the report of Major Gwynn, to the Legislature of our State, in December last, and which were brought within one mile and a quarter of Asheville, the height of this place, I mean the square where the Court House stands, is 2260 feet above tide water. This survey corresponds in its results with one made many years ago by the Charleston and Cincinnati Railroad company. 60 feet should therefore be added to Dr. Mitchel's estimate of the height of this place, which would give his peak an elevation of 6732 feet, and the higher one, that of 6941 feet. For the reasons already stated, the height of the latter may be subject to some deduction, but not to an extent to affect materially this estimate. My object, however, is not so much to prove its absolute height as to show that it excelled any point as yet measured, and leave to the more competent the task of determining the precise altitude. There is no doubt whatever, but that it is the highest portion of the Black Mountain, and that point of land, east of the Rocky Mountains, having the greatest altitude above the sea. As it has never, to my knowledge, been designated by any particular name a description of its position is necessary to identify it. If one should travel along the top of the ridge from "Mt. Mitchel," in a northerly direction, less than a half mile will bring him to "Mt. Gibbs," so called from the fact that it was measured by Prof. Gibbs, of Charleston, S. C. a few years since. I have been informed that he estimated it as being 4 feet higher than "Mitchel's peak." If there be a difference in the elevation of the two points, it probably does not exceed that stated by him. From this place there is an irregular descent for about 1 mile, where my companions and I found ourselves nearly 500 feet below the top of "Mt. Mitchel." We then had to climb a handsome, regular shaped pinacle, which reminds one of a sugar loaf, and which rises to within 150 feet of the height of "Mitchel's peak." On its north side the descent is less. Our way then continued over irregular elevations and depressions, for about 2 miles, till we found ourselves in a sort of prairie ground, or natural meadow, magnificent and beautiful in the extreme. From the farther edge of it, a steep, but regular, ascent of about 220 feet, brought us to the highest point. The top is level for 8 or 10 yards, and on it the balsam fir tree still retains its place though shortened to the height of only 20 feet. On the right hand there runs off in the direction of Toe river, a ridge which slowly descends to that stream, distant some 6 or 7 miles. It is thus easy to identify this peak, and its approach is no longer difficult.

From the head of the Swannanoa, at Mr. Steps, where an angler can find speckled trout, there is an easy way to the Mountain House, built by Mr. Wm. Patton, of Charleston, S. C. Its present occupant will provide one with pleasant lodgings, and what mountain journeys render so welcome all such comforts "for the inner man," as this region affords, with fresh salmon from Scotland and champagne from France, to make them go down easily. After resting here a while at the height of 5,460 feet above the sea level, two miles of travel on horseback, as hundreds of ladies can testify, will bring him to the top of "Mount Mitchell."

When one is upon this peak he appears to be on a centre, from which there runs off five immense mountain chains. To the northward stretches the main ledge of the Black, with a succession of cones and spires along its dark crest. On its right from the far north-east from the Keystone State, across the entire breadth of Virginia, seemingly from an immeasurable distance, comes along the line of the Blue Ridge or Alleghany; but when it passes almost under him, it is comparatively so much depressed as scarcely to be perceptible, save where at the point of junction, stimulated by the presence of its gigantic neighbor, it shoots up into a pinnacle so steep, that to use a hunter's phrase, it would "make a buzzard's head swim, if he were to attempt to fly over it."

Thence it runs southerly, till it touches South Carolina, when it tends to the west, and is soon hidden behind colossal masses that obstruct further vision in that direction. As the chain of the Blacks weeps around westwardly, it is suddenly parted into two immense branches which run off in opposite courses. The northern terminates in a majestic pile, with a crown-like summit, with numerous spurs from its base, while to the south there leads off the long ridge of "Craggy," with its naked slopes and fantastic peaks, over which dominates its great "Dome," challenging, in its altitude, ambitious comparison with the Black itself.

Let the observer then lift his eye to a remote distance, and take a circuit in the opposite direction. Looking to the south-east and east, he sees, beyond "King's Mountain," and others less known to fame, the plain of the two Carolinas, stretched out over a field of illimitable space, in color and outline, undistinguishable from the "azure brow" of the calm ocean. Near to him, to the north-east over the Linnville mountain, stands squarely upright the "Table Rock," with its perpendicular faces; and its twin brother the "Hawkbill," with its carved beak of overhanging rock, and neck inclined, as if in act to sweep down on the plain below. Farther on, the rises in solitary grandeur, the rocky throne of the abrupt and wild "Grandfather." This "Monarch of days" was long deemed the "Mountain of Mountains," but now, like other exiles, he only retains a shadow of his former authority in a patriarchal name given because of the gray beard he shows, when a frozen cloud has iced his rhododendrons. Westward of him stands his victorious rival, the gently undulating prairie of the "Roan," stretching out for 10 miles in length until its green and flowery carpet, is terminated by a castellated crag, the "Bluff."

From this extends, southerly, the long, but broken line of the "Unaka," through the passes of which, far away over the entire valley of East Tennessee, is seen, in the distance, the blue outline of the Cumberland Mountains, as they penetrate the State of the "dark and bloody ground." In contrast with the bold aspect and rugged chasms of the "Unaka," stands the stately figure of the "Bald mountain," its smoothly shaven and regularly rounded top bringing to mind some classic cupola; for when the sunlight sleeps upon its convex head, it seems a temple more worthy of all the gods, than that Pantheon, famed Roman rival. As the eye again sweeps onward, it is arrested by the massive pile of the great "Smoky Mountain," darkened by its fir trees, and often by the cloudy drapery it wears. From thence there stretches, quite through Haywood and Henderson, to South Carolina border, the long range of the "Balsom Mountains," its pointed steeples over topping the rest of "Pisgah Mountain" and "Pisgah," and attaining their greatest elevation towards the head of the French Broad river.

Besides these, the eye rests on many a "sunny green valley" with its winding streams, and many a nameless peak, and many a waving ridge, imitating in its curling shapes, the billow of the ocean when most lashed by the tempest. And if one is favored by Jove, he may perchance hear the sharp, shrill scream of his "cloud cleaving minister," and, as he sweeps by with that bright eye which "pierces downward, onward, or above, with a pervading vision," or encircles him in wide curves, shews reflected back from the golden brown of his long wings,

"The westering beams aslant"

of the descending sun.

But from "Mt. Michell," where one is still tempted to linger, since my first visit, a way has been opened quite to the highest point. As one rides along the undulating crest of the ridge, he has presented to him a succession of varied, picturesque beautiful views. Sometimes he passes through open spots smooth and green enough to be the dancing grounds of the fairies, and anon he plunges into dense forests of balsam, over ground covered by thick beds of moss so soft and elastic, that a wearied man reposes on it as he would on a basin of fluid mercury. In the last and largest of the little prairies, one will be apt to pause awhile, not only for the sake of the magnificent panorama in the distance, but also because attracted by the gentle beauty of the spot, its grassy, waving surface, interspersed with flattened rock seats, studded, in the sun light, with glittering scales of mica; and, here and there, clusters of young balsams flourishing in this, their favorite climate, pointed at top, but spreading below evenly till their lower branches touch the earth, and presenting the outlines of regular cones.

From this place the highest peak is soon attained. And one who doubts its altitude, may thus easily satisfy himself; for it stands, and will continue to stand, courting measurement. One who, from the eminence, looks down on its vast proportions, its broad base, and long spurs running out for miles in all directions, and gazes in silent wonder on its dark plumage of countless firs, will feel no fear that its "shadow will ever become less," or that in the present geological age it will meet the fate fancied by the poet, when he wrote the words:

"Winds under ground, or waters forcing way,
Sidelong had pushed a mountain from his seat,
Half sunk with all his pines."

I fear, my dear sir, that I have made this letter much too long for your patience; and yet the vegetation and surrounding scenery of this mountain, peculiar and remarkable as it is, might well tempt me to say many things that I have omitted. I hope your interest in all that relates to natural science will find an apology for my having so long trespassed on your valuable time.

I am very truly yours &c.,
T. L. CLINGMAN.

PROF. JOSEPH HENRY.

Grand Encampment I. O. O. F.—The Grand Encampment of Odd-Fellows of this State met in annual session in this place yesterday. There has been no business of special importance transacted during the year. The reports of the officers demonstrate the policy of merging this branch of the Order in the Lodges. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year, to-wit: H. L. Ward, of Colerain, Grand Patriarch; Justin E. Jones, of Washington, Grand High Priest; T. Burr, Jr., of Wilmington, Grand Senior Warden; C. Lutterloh, Fayetteville, Grand Scribe; A. Maclean, of Wilmington, Grand Treasurer; J. H. Jackson, Kinston, Grand Junior Warden; W. S. G. Andrews, Goldsboro', Grand Representative to the G. L. of U. S.; Lee R. Gibson, Germanton, Grand Sentinel.

Wilmington Herald.

Horrible Accident.—*A Child Trampled to Death by a Horse.*—A gentleman writes to us that, on last Thursday, 22d inst., a little son of Mr. Leonard Mills, residing in the upper part of New Hanover County, was run over by a horse that was loose in the yard, and trampled to death.

Wil. Journal.

The Princess Murat, wife of Lucien Murat, who will probably soon wear the crown of Naples, is not a native of Florida. She is of this city. A direct descendant on the mother's side of Landgrave Smith, one of the old Colonial nobles, and on the father's side, the tenth in the regular descent from Alexander, 5th Lord Lovat of Scotland. Major Thomas Frazer, her father, having been an officer in the British army—but after the peace remained in Charleston and married Ann Loughton Smith—his father, August Frazer married his cousin, Jean Frazer, the sister of General Frazer, who fell at Saratoga.

Charleston Courier.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.

Mr. Buchanan's Despatches.—The foreign despatches received by the Canada underwent an examination at the State Department until a late hour on Sunday night, and to-day were officially considered, the Cabinet meeting an hour earlier than usual for the purpose. It is understood that the representations of our government regarding the

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 3, 1855.

THE FAIR.—Our anticipations of the success of the Cumberland Agricultural Fair on Thursday and Friday last were more than realized. We have never witnessed here such an animated scene as our streets and the road to the Fair, and the Fair grounds and buildings, presented. Hundreds of vehicles and thousands of persons were on the move, all eagerly enjoying the beautiful weather, the excellent showing at the Fair, and the pleasure of seeing together so many friends and acquaintances, alive with enjoyment. It was an occasion full of proud satisfaction to those, and especially to the untiring Executive Committee, who have instituted and carried on to a successful result, this most useful enterprize. It was a Society of small beginnings indeed. Four or five years ago, some twenty persons united in it. For two or three years it had, if we mistake not, less than fifty members. Suddenly it has attained a large share of popularity, counting its members by hundreds, its income by thousands, and collecting together thousands of the most intelligent and enterprising citizens of this and the adjoining Counties. This great change has resulted from the bold undertaking, as we and others regarded it, of holding the First Fair twelve months ago. It was a bold undertaking; and its success surprised even its most sanguine projectors. This year again there have been many misgivings as to the success of the Fair. It was predicted, that the novelty having worn off, there would be little for exhibition and few to attend it. How happily these fears have been dispelled, every active member of the Society, and we think we may say, every individual in town and county, is ready to attest. The number of articles on exhibition, as well as the attendance, was materially larger than last year.

We have heard the opinion expressed by several persons who attended the late State Fair, that in most respects ours exceeded that, in the number and excellence of the articles exhibited. This was especially true, we are told, as to the Floral Hall part of the exhibition, the Stock, and the Fowls. In Vehicles, Machinery, and Trotting horses, only, was ours materially inferior to that —and the Machinery at the State Fair was principally from the North.

We do not propose further to enumerate here the articles exhibited, but can only refer to the list of Premiums in another part of this paper.

In addition to all other favorable circumstances, we are happy to state, that the property of the Society, consisting of about 20 acres of land, securely fenced, with numerous buildings, sheds, &c., *is all paid for*, by the receipts at the two Fairs and the liberal subscriptions of citizens of the town and county. Hereafter, therefore, nearly the whole of the receipts at each Annual Fair may be distributed in Premiums. Heretofore the premiums have been necessarily small. They need be so no longer.

The receipts at the gate this year have been between $700 and $800.

On Thursday, at 12 o'clock, the assemblage was briefly addressed by Messrs. E. L. Winslow and Jas. Banks. We regret that our duties elsewhere detained us from the ground until after these addresses had been delivered.

On Friday at 1 o'clock, the list of Premiums was read by Mr. Winslow, prefaced by some appropriate remarks.

Among the interesting incidents of the occasion, was a procession of the hundred and odd Students of the Fayetteville Female High School, escorted by the Independent Company, from the School Building to the Fair Grounds, to which they had been invited. It was a beautiful sight, full of pleasant associations to the friends of our town. May the prosperity of the two Institutions be perpetual! Should they exist as long as the Independent Company has, and retain so large a share of the public regard, the present generation at least, will have no reason to complain.

On Thursday evening the Agricultural Society held its annual meeting,—Col. A. S. McNeill, 1st Vice President, in the Chair, and Mr. John P. McLean Secretary.

Reports from Committees appointed at the last meeting were received. One from Wm. McMillan, Esq., on the culture of Corn on sand-hill land, the result being 48½ bushels to the acre. Another from Joel Williams, Esq., on grasses. Mr. W. had made an average of 5032 lbs. of cured hay to the acre on four acres. Another from Col. McNeill on the Red Top, or Herd's grass, with which he has been experimenting, not very successfully this year, but with the promise of abundant success for the year to come. Another report from John C. Smith, Esq., on his experiments in Oats, obtaining a double yield from his application of manure.

Other reports by Mr. T. J. Robinson and Mr. J. P. McLean, on their modes of cultivating Irish potatoes, and their success. A good deal of discussion took place on these and other matters between the above gentlemen and Messrs. E. L. Winslow, A. A. McKethan, Jas. Banks, John Waddill, John Elliott, W. McL. McKay, Jas. G. Cook, E. J. Hale, and others.

Resolutions were adopted and ordered to be published, expressive of the feelings of the Society at the recent death of its President, HENRY ELLIOT, Esq.

Resolutions of thanks were also adopted to those who had contributed articles for exhibition, and especially to those from other counties.

And a very decided expression of thanks and gratitude to the Executive Committee for the invaluable services of its Chairman and various members.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

JOEL WILLIAMS, Esq. President.

Col. A. S. McNEILL,
JONA. EVANS, Esq.,
JOHN A. WILLIAMS, Esq., } Vice Presidents.

JOHN P. McLEAN, Sec'y and Treasurer.

Messrs. E. L. Winslow, A. A. McKethan, E. W. Barge, J. A. Williams, Wm. McMillan, Jno. Waddill, Wm. Cade, John P. McLean, Jesse Carver, T. J. Robinson, Hugh McLean, John McKellar, Jno. C. Smith, Executive Committee.

The next annual meeting will take place during the next Fair, the time of which will be fixed by the Executive Committee. But a meeting of the Society will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening the 5th inst.

AMUSEMENTS.—Besides the great object of interest during the past week—the Fair—our town has presented amusements for the crowd of strangers who have visited us, in two Concerts by the Amateur Association, the Circus and Indian Amphitheatre, and exhibitions of the mammoth Anderson girls, Anaconda, &c. These have been all liberally patronized.

CONGRESS.—The Intelligencer of Thursday gives a list of no less than 67 members of the House of Representatives who had arrived at Washington up to Wednesday night last.

64 others had arrived up to Friday night.

COOL IMPUDENCE.—The Washington Union publishes an urgent appeal to the Whigs in Congress to unite with the Locofocos in giving the latter the offices in the House of Representatives, under the pretence of defeating the Republicans. There might have been some patriotism in an appeal by the Union to its own party to elect *Whigs* and thereby defeat the Republicans; but the proposition as made is purely an effort to secure the spoils. It is true the article purports to be written by "An Old Whig," but that is a pretence easily seen through. It was doubtless written (if not by some such *Whig* as Clingman) by a Locofoco candidate for something.

We altogether concur with the Baltimore Patriot in the following remarks:—

Organization of the House.—A correspondent of the Washington Union, over the signature of "An Old Whig," calls upon the straight-out Whig members to join the Democrats, and, by this coalition, effect an organization. Notwithstanding his reference to the spirits of Clay and Jackson, we venture to hope our friends will do nothing so utterly at variance with Whig feelings, and so utterly subversive of Whig principles. Join the Democrats! Upon what grounds? To give them power to elect their own candidate for Speaker? To enable them to control the nominations for committees; using the Whigs as a cat's paw to draw their political chestnuts out of the fire? We have too much faith in the good sense of the Whig members ever to believe that they will suffer themselves to be used for any such purpose, and we can scarcely imagine that any real "Old Whig" would venture upon such a suggestion, in the face of the known antecedents of the Democratic party.

While we are not disposed to revert to ancient differences of opinion on public questions, or to revive that spirit of bitterness which gathered strength and concentration from many years of political opposition, we can see nothing to gain, on the part of the Whigs, by lifting the Democrats from the "slough of despond" into which they have latterly fallen. The true policy of the Whigs is to bring Democratic misrule to an end, in the speediest manner possible. In what way this is to be done, we leave to be determined by their own judgment; but, certainly, it can never be accomplished by infusing new strength into the weakened ranks of their political adversaries, and thus assisting them to obtain a new lease of that power they have so supereciliously exercised, and, not unfrequently, so grossly abused.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.—As the session of Congress approaches, rumors accumulate. The following are of interest, if true:—

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.

More than 50 members of Congress have arrived here. The Republicans and fusionists among them, have already consulted and expressed their readiness to meet in caucus, for nomination of officers of the House, with the opponents of the administration irrespective of any distracting political issues. The anti-slavery Americans say they will positively refuse to meet their non-intervention brethren in caucus as a distinct party. Several democrats mention that if in democratic caucus the support of the Kansas-Nebraska bill shall be made a test of orthodoxy, they will withdraw from the caucus.

From present appearances it is believed that Gen. Cullom and the regular Democratic nominee will be the only prominent candidates for the clerkship of the House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.

The Speakership, &c.—The general impression here is that Richardson, of Illinois, will be the most prominent candidate for the Speakership of the House.

MR. BUCHANAN AND THE LONDON TIMES.—In reply to the statement by the Times—that the British Government, at the commencement of the war, had assurances from the American Minister of the sympathy and effective support of our Government and people—Mr. Buchanan addressed to that paper the following note, to which publication was refused:

"The American Minister presents his compliments to the editors of the Times, and assures them that they have been 'misinformed' with respect to the expression and conduct attributed to him in their leading article of this morning. Always mindful of the neutrality of his Government, which he fully approves, it was with deep regret he learned, as he first did from Washington, that attempts were made in the United States to recruit soldiers for the British army; because he felt confident that these attempts would tend to weaken the friendly relations between the two countries, which it has been his ardent desire, ever since his arrival in England, to cherish and promote.

"The American Minister can, of course, enter into no discussion in the public journals of questions between the two Governments, or state what is or what is not contained in any correspondence which may have arisen out of these questions; but he has felt it due both to the Times and himself to make this prompt correction.

"56 HARLEY STREET, LONDON, Nov. 1, 1855."

NEW PLANK ROAD.—A meeting is called, in Greensborough, on the 22d inst., of all those, in Virginia and North Carolina, who feel an interest in having a Plank Road from Greensboro' to the Virginia line.

The Wilmington Journal [illegible] high glee over a speech delivered on Wednesday last at Henderson by the Hon. John Kerr, the occasion being "to celebrate the victory [of the Locofocos] in the Wake District."

The Legislature of South Carolina met on Monday last.

The message of Gov. Adams is almost exclusively devoted to State affairs—colleges, military schools, free schools, codification of the laws, repeal of the usury laws, colored seamen, &c. He closes with the following on the slavery question:

"The agitation in relation to slavery continues to increase, and is rapidly tending to its bloody termination. Measures which it was hoped by some would give quiet to the country, and dignity to its deliberations, have served to redouble the efforts and augment the power of abolition. Civil war is a direful calamity, but its scourges are to be endured in preference to degradation and ruin. The people of South Carolina are alive to the issue, and are mindful of their obligations. They are calm because they are prepared and self-reliant. They have not forgotten their history, and they will not fail to vindicate its teachings. The right "to provide new guards for their future security has been sealed by the blood of their ancestors, and it will never be surrendered. Come what may, "they will do their duty and leave the consequences to God."

SOUTH CAROLINA RAIL ROADS.—South Carolina has $1,542,300 now invested in railroads. The State has also promised aid to various other roads, amounting in all $1,472,500. It has also guarantied the bonds of the S. C. Rail Road to the amount of $2,000,000.

The total liability of the State is $7,388,578 32. Aggregate resources to meet indebtedness, $5,798,581 50.

In the Comptroller's Report stating the above facts, it is said that the bond debt of the railroads in the United States amounts to $233,000,000. The bonds are held in Europe and in this country and begin to fall due from five to ten years hence at the rate of $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 per annum. The indebtedness of the States amounts to $216,167,786, falling due about the same time. Yet there is scarcely a railroad in the country which has accumulated the first dollar towards redemption. As a remedy, it is proposed that the several Legislatures require the R. R. Companies to lay aside a per centage for the purpose.

BOSTON LECTURES.—Hon. D. S. Dickinson, of New York, declines lecturing before the anti-slavery society. Mr. Dickinson says that a lecture upon so exciting a subject, unless some action is proposed, would be a barren and profitless gratuity: and if action *is* proposed, it must have relation to domestic concerns of sovereign States, with which he has no right to interfere.

RIGHT.—A New York Grand Jury have found a bill of indictment against the officers and directors of the Gold Hill Mining Company, for declaring dividends not earned, and thus giving a false value to the Stock.

AMERICANS AT THE PARIS FAIR.—The Juries at the Paris World's Fair reported 488 large gold medals, four of which were awarded to American exhibiters. To McCormick for his reaping machine; Goodyear for india rubber articles; Pitts for a threshing machine; Lieut. Maury, U. S. N., for his scientific works. Subsequently, the awards were reduced to 140, and only two Americans, Messrs. Goodyear and McCormick, receive them.

MORE LAND.—The Philadelphia North American says that the 29th parallel of latitude is named as our next Southern boundary. Gen. Gadsden is said to have been negotiating for a new cession of Mexican territory including all north of that line. This would throw into the United States two-thirds of the Mexican State of Sonora and two-fifths of Chihuahua, with population sufficient to form one of our States.

The report is also revived that Russia is willing to sell us her American possessions, and that Denmark is thinking of selling us her West India island, St. Thomas, for $5,000,000, by way of settling the Sound Dues question.

LARGE EARNINGS.—The Erie Rail Road receipts for the past year have been $5,488,993; an increase of $130,000 over the previous year. The profits amount to $833,419, against $725,586 in 1854.

The American party has carried the Town elections in Hartford and New Haven, Conn., by majorities of about 200 and 400.

THE ALLIED FORCES.—The Turkish and allied forces in the Crimea are estimated at 309,000 men, without including a Turkish army of 24,000 men on the banks of the Danube. Nothing more is expected to be done in the Crimea until Spring.

A new Russian levy, the eighth, has just been ordered, making altogether about 70 men from every 1000 of population; or one-fourth of the number capable of bearing arms.

ICE.—The Erie Canal is closed up with ice, leaving about 1000 boats, loaded, fast bound between Utica and Little Falls.

PUTNAM'S MAGAZINE.—The publishers have sent us a copy of the December No.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.

Extensive Post Office Robbery.—A number of letters mailed from and registered at the Post Office in this city have been discovered to be missing. There is quite an excitement among the parties interested and the Post Office clerks. Two letters mailed by Thos. Biddle & Co., contained $12,000 in Pennsylvania Coupon bonds, and $45,000 in Westchester Railroad bonds. Messrs. Gaw & Macallister miss $2,000 in the last named bonds.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.

The Missing Philadelphia Letters Found.—A despatch received here from Chicago says that the missing mail bag supposed to be stolen from the Philadelphia office had reached here. It contained the valuable registered letters supposed to have been stolen.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30th.

Gold From California.—The George Law has arrived from California with $2,000,000 in specie. Her dates were anticipated by the Star of the West.

We wish to hire a few good Servants if application be made soon.

J. H. ROBERTS & CO.

Dec. 3, 1855. 68tf

Argus and Carolinian copy.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

The American mail steamer Atlantic arrived at New York on Friday night, bringing Liverpool dates to the 17th inst.

The news by this arrival is of no special importance. There is nothing new from the seat of war in the Crimea. From Asia there are accounts of Turkish successes. The Liverpool commercial circulars report the cotton market unchanged, and breadstuffs slightly advanced.

Sales of Cotton for the week 49,000 bales. Fair uplands 6¼d. Stock of American in port 209,000 bales.

Rumors of peace were extremely prevalent in England and on the Continent, but generally of vague and indefinite character.

The Paris exhibition has closed. Twelve thousand prizes, including numerous decorations of the Legion of Honor.

A despatch from Lord Stratford D'Radcliff gives an account of a victory gained on November 5, by Omar Pacha over 10,000 Russians, mostly Georgian militia, at the River Ingour, which Omar Pacha with a body of Turks, 10,000 strong, crossed at four points, taking 60 prisoners and three guns, the Russians suffering a loss of four hundred in killed and wounded. The Turkish loss was 300 men.

Kars was still besieged, but appearances indicated that the Russians would soon retire to Tiflis.

From the Crimea.—Both armies were wholly occupied in hutting, preparatory to wintering in the Crimea.

A desultory fire was kept up between the north and south sides of Sebastopol, and the fortifications on both sides were being augmented.

Prince Gortschakoff's latest despatches are to the 5th inst. He says there is nothing new in the Crimea.

A Russian Cadet had deserted and reported that Gortschakoff is determined to hazard an attack of the allies, and every night his advanced posts were reinforced and supported by field artillery.

Numerous communications were being exchanged between the courts of Vienna and St. Petersburg, but it was thought that the preliminaries for peace negotiations would not take a definite shape till the arrival of Sir Hamilton Seymour, the new British Minister at Vienna.

A Berlin despatch of the 3d inst. says: It appears more and more positive that the preliminaries are being arranged at Brussels with the assent of Russia for a resumption of negotiations, and notwithstanding all the denials it is persistently believed that peace is not far off.

The exportation of breadstuffs has been prohibited by Russia and Turkey, and Sweden is expected to do likewise.

France.—The formal closing of the Paris exhibition and the distribution of the decorations and medals adjudged by the Emperor, took place on the 15th. The list of the American premiums had not been received.

The Emperor made a brief address on the occasion, extolling the benefits of the exhibition. In allusion to the war, he said—"You desire, as I do, a speedy and durable peace, but this peace to be durable must distinctly realize the objects for which the war was undertaken. Europe must decide who is right and who wrong, and the final victory be achieved by public opinion. He called on those foreign countries desiring peace to pronounce for or against the allies."

EXCITING NEWS FROM KANSAS.

Engagement between Free State and Pro-Slavery Settlers.—One Man Killed!—The Military Called Out.—Houses Given to the Flames, etc.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 30.

We have accounts from Independence to-day, stating that the armed free State men, had attempted to drive Mr. Coleman, a pro-slavery settler, from his claim near Hickory Point.

Mr. Coleman killed one of his assailants, when a mob gathered together, drove him and other settlers off, and then burned down their houses. The ringleaders in this were arrested by Marshal Jones, and taken to Lecompton.

Governor Shannon has called out the Militia.

Many citizens from Independence, Weston, and St. Josephs have gone to offer their services to the Governor to restore order. The people of Lawrence are in arms, and have five pieces of artillery.

A number of houses have been burnt in Douglass county, and several families driven to Missouri for refuge.

The law and order people of the Territory are rallying in large numbers to assist the Sheriff in the execution of the laws. Sixteen houses were burned at Hickory Point, and several of the citizens were missing.

From the Philadelphia Evening Argus.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

In noticing, some days since, the rumor of the possible retirement of the Hon. J. C. Dobbin from the Navy Department, in consequence of his feeble health, we expressed our sincere regret thereat, and the hope that the announcement might prove erroneous. We are gratified now in being able to state not only that the health of Mr. Dobbin is not such as to demand his resignation of the very important and responsible position he occupies at the head of the Navy department, but he has no idea of retiring from his post. He enjoys, in an eminent degree, as we have reason to know, the confidence and esteem of the President, both as a man and a cabinet minister, and with his associates in the cabinet will stand by the President, if life is spared him, until the expiration of his official term. His duties have been laborious—more so, perhaps, than those of almost any other department—and his health has been much impaired by his close and constant application thereto; for whether at his post, or absent from the metropolis, he has never lost sight of the service committed to his charge, or failed in the profoundest attachment and devotion to its interests. Bringing to the duties of his department large experience as a statesman and liberal and comprehensive views of national policy, the whole navy has felt an enlivening influence springing from the zeal and hearty co-operation which Mr. Dobbin has sought to infuse into all its branches; and the service has daily grown in efficiency and in public favor under his superintendence. Never before had any Secretary of this department so much of the confidence and warm regard of all the officers and men of the service as has Mr. Dobbin; and the announcement we are permitted to make, that he has no idea of relinquishing his post, will be received with gratification, not only by all interested in the navy, but by the people at large, who honor him for his virtues and ability. It is possible that in February or March, Mr. Dobbin may leave Washington for a brief sojourn at his home in North Carolina, but he will return again to the department over which he presides with so much dignity and efficiency and so acceptably to the nation.

U. S. TREASURY.—There was in the Treasury, on the 1st inst., $23,074,868 79.

Distressing Casualty.—Mr. Duncan Campbell of Richmond county, N. C., on the 10th instant, whilst in the woods (where he had hands splitting rails,) was caught by a falling tree and his body crushed in a horrible manner. He survived the injury an hour and a half.—*N. C. Argus.*

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.

A Feat in Telegraphing.—The feat of telegraphing on a single circuit between New York and New Orleans was performed yesterday. This feat by the Morse system is not often practicable but Hughes' new instrument renders it easy at all times and in all weather, when the wire is not actually severed in the circuit, even for a distance of 5,000 miles. Several of these instruments are nearly completed and will be put on the new Southern line.

An incident occurred on Thursday last, at the railroad depot in Richmond, just previous to the starting of the train for the South. A highly respectable female, unaccompanied save by a little child, upon feeling for her purse to settle for a dinner, discovered it had been stolen. It contained all the money she had by her, and a check for her baggage. Accompanied only by a little child and friendless, she knew not what to do, and her distress was so great, that upon entering the cars, she wept profusely. The coach was crowded, many a wealthy passenger deeply sympathizing with the distressed woman, but none offering to dry up those tears by an action which should speak louder than words, and which would truly give the oil of joy and consolation for the seeds of mourning. Rachel, the great French *tragedienne*, was also a passenger in this coach, being en route for the South, from whence she soon departs for Cuba, with the hope of finding relief for a severe pulmonary complaint, in the mild breezes of that salubrious isle. She witnessed the grief of the distressed member of her sex, and woman-like desired to know the cause; of which, she was no sooner informed, than she drew from her porte-monnaie a couple of Spanish doubloons, and quietly placed them in the hand of the unfortunate woman.

Petersburg Express.

MARRIED,

At St. John's Church, New York city, on Wednesday Nov. 28th, by the Rev. Dr. Berrien, Mr. WILLIAM BOW, of this place, to Miss LUCILLE H. TRYON, of that city.

In Rutherfordton, on the 16th ult., by Rev. E. Rowley, Mr. JAMES O'HANLON, of Fayetteville, to Miss MARY J. ALEXANDER, of Rutherfordton.

In Harnett county, on the 22d ult., by Jas. S. Harrington, Esq., Mr. ALLEN M. CAMERON, of Moore county, to Miss SARAH C., daughter of Archibald McLean.

In Sampson county, on the 26th ult., by James M. Moseley, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM A. JACKSON to Miss SUSAN C., daughter of Isaiah Warren, Esq.

In Greensborough, on the 22d ult., Mr. JOHN HENRY MOREHEAD to Miss SUSAN L. LINDSAY, daughter of the late I. J. M. Lindsay.

DIED,

In this vicinity, on the 27th ult., after a few hours' sickness, Mrs. ELIZA McDANIEL, in the 43d year of her age, wife of Elder James McDaniel, Pastor of the Baptist Church in Fayetteville. She leaves a disconsolate husband and five fond children to mourn their irreparable loss. This excellent lady has been a devoted member of the Baptist Church 25 years, and in her death the Church sustains a great loss. "Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord, for they rest from their labors." Com.

In this town, on the 29th ult., of consumption, Mr. DAVID R. ASKEW.

In Austin county, Texas, on the 4th of Nov., of Congestive Biliqus Fever, DANIEL G. BLACK, aged 24 years. The deceased emigrated from near Fayetteville, N. C., in the year 1851. He survived but 36 hours after the onset of the disease. He was a highly respected citizen, and loved by all who knew him. He has left many friends to mourn his departure.

We laid him where autumnal flowers are bending,
With lives like his own, so fair and so frail;
We laid him beneath the mossy oaks, whose leaves were descending
Like tears when the branches are stirred by the gale.
Farewell! the early dews that soon will fall
Upon thy grass-grown bed
Are like the thoughts that now recall
Thine image from the dead —[Com.

In Moore county on the 22d Oct'r, Mr. WILLIAM SHIELDS, son of Mr. Cornelius Shields, aged 62 years.

In Bladen county, on the 17th inst., DILLARD ELMORE, son of Bryant and Sarah Jane Elmore, aged 3 years and 7 months and 12 days.

In Sampson, on the 18th inst., Mr. NATHAN W. JOHNSON, in the 36th year of his age.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—December 3.

BACON—		16½ a	MOLASSES—		
BEESWAX—		25 a	Cuba	40 a 42	
CANDLES—F. F.	18 a 20		New Orleans	45 a 48	
Adamantine	28 a 30		NAILS—		5½ a 5¾
Sperm	50 a		OILS—Linseed	$1 a 1 10	
COFFEE—Rio	12½ a 13½		Tanners'	75 a 1 00	
Laguira	13½ a		SALT—		
St. Domingo	00 a 00		Liv'p. sack	1 75 a 1 90	
COTTON—			Alum, bu.	0 00 a 0 00	
Fair to Good	8 75 a 9		SEED—		
Ordinary to mid.	8 a 8 25		Flaxseed	1 30 a 1 40	
COTTON BAGGING—			Clover, pr lb.	12½ a 15	
Gunny	18 a 20		SHOT—		
Dundee	18 a 00		Com. pr bag	2 25 a 0 00	
Burlaps	00 a 00		Buck	2 25 a 0 00	
COTTON YARNS—			SPIRITS—		
No. 5 to 10	17 a 18		Peach Brandy	80 a 00	
DOMESTIC GOODS—			Apple "	50 a 55	
Bro. Sheetings	7½ a 8		N. C. Whiskey	60 a 00	
Osnaburgs	9½ a 10		Northern "	60 a 00	
FEATHERS—	35 a 40		N. E. Rum	60 a 65	
FLOUR—			Jamaica "	2 00 a 2 50	
Family	8 75 a 0 00		Fr. Brandy	4 00 a 6 00	
Superfine	8 50 a 0 00		American Gin	75 a 80	
Fine	8 25 a 0 00		Holland "	1 50 a 2 00	
Scratched	8 00 a 0 00		SUGAR—		
GRAIN—			Loaf	11 a 12	
Corn	70 a 75		Crushed	10 a 11	
Wheat	1 60 a 0 00		St. Croix	9½ a 10	
Oats	40 a 45		Porto Rico	8½ a 10	
Peas	66 a 0 70		New Orleans	8 a 8½	
Rye	90 a 1 00		TALLOW—	10 a 11	
HYDES—Dry	8 a 10		TOBACCO—		
Green	4 a 5		Leaf	00 a 00	
IRON—			Manufactured	8 a 15	
Swedes, co. bar	a 6		WHITE LEAD—$2½ a $2½		
Ditto, wide	a 7		WINDOW GLASS—		
English	4 a 4½		8 x 10	$2½ a $2½	
LARD—	0 a 12		10 x 12	$2½ a 00	
LEAD—	8½ a 00		WOOL—	15 a	

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Cotton—We continue former quotations, but would remark that the Foreign and New York News may cause it to settle to lower figures, unless the manufacturers come in and sustain the market.

Flour—Steady.
Wheat—Without any variation.
Corn—Very little change.
Oats—Wanted at quotations.
Flaxseed—We advance our quotation.
Spirits Turpentine 37 to 37½.

Corrected by JAMES G. COOK.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Yellow dip Turpentine 3 20, virgin 2 56, hard $2. Spirits 42. Rosin 1 17½. Tar 2 30. Fayetteville Super Flour 9 62.

At New York, Cotton dull at a decline; middling uplands 9¼. Southern Flour steady at 9 62 to 11. Wheat 2 12 to 2 15. Corn 1 04 to 1 10. Spirits Turpentine 45 to 46.

Total receipts of Cotton 839,330 bales, against 532,820 last year. Increase 306,510.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Lutterloh & Co's Line. Dec'r 1, Str Fanny Lutterloh with Cumberland and Starr in tow, with Passengers, and goods for J C Poe, Stedman & Horne, C T Haigh & Sons, Cross Creek Co, J N Smith, Williamson & Overbaugh, Troy & Marsh, H Erambert, E J Hale & Son, W Lutterloh, J H Hall, L Bencini, Howe & Chase, J A Craven, W Turlington, Coats & Co, Marsh & Sumner, Lutterloh & Co.

Banks' Line, Dec. 3, Str Brothers, and Flat, with goods for sundry persons.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 30.—Schr W H Howard from Sloop Point.
Dec. 1.—Schr Lewis Mulford from Philadelphia.

Rockingham Hotel
TO LET.

THE Subscriber expects to be in Rockingham on TUESDAY NIGHT, 18th December, and on the following morning, when he will receive propositions either to purchase or to rent the Rockingham Hotel. Communications may be left for him in the Village, but personal application would be more satisfactory. At the same time, some beds and other furniture necessary for a Hotel can be procured from GEO. B. WETMORE.

Nov. 25, 1855. *1t

WANTED!

EVERYBODY to have their Daguerreotypes taken by CROWL, for One Dollar and upwards, at his Rooms over Dr. Foulkes' Drug Store, Hay street, directly opposite Fayetteville Hotel.

Dec. 3. 1t

Harper's and Putnam's Magazines

for December, received and for sale by

E. J. HALE & SON.

The Attention of Parents and Teachers, School Committees, Superintendents, and the Friends of Popular Education is respectfully called to

The Pictorial Edition of

WEBSTER'S ELEMENTARY SPELLING BOOK,

CONTAINING

One Hundred and Sixty Beautiful Engravings,

Designed and Engraved expressly for this Book.

THIS edition is word for word, and page for page, the same as the edition without the engravings, and therefore may be used in the same class. It is well printed on fine paper, and well bound, and is intended for those who are willing to pay a trifle more for a better and more substantial book.

Retail Price, 15 cents.

Published by GEO. F. COOLEDGE & BRO., New York.

Just received and for sale by E. J. HALE & SON.

Dec. 3. 58-1m

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Fayetteville, N. C., December 1, 1855:

Mary Buie, S A Bernet, Edward Brewer, J Bohanon, Lemuel Burket 2, Edwards & Bushnell, W H Branson, A J Bethune, James Byrd, Ame E Beard, T Bogg, Sophia Bell.

Dan'l Currie, Polly Conoly, Jobe Culbreth, W W Clark, Adaline Carver, Jas Colvin, Alfred Crump.

Alex Dove.

R C Emanuel.

J Fausley.

Jno A Gibson, Rev Alson Gray.

A B Horton, F C Hall, Jno Hunter, Howe & Chase, J W Holt.

Rev C P Jones, Henry Judy, Wm Jenkins.

Wm Lippencott 2, Josephine Lange, Ham E Lilly, P W Lord.

W B Martin, Miss Martha Moore, Cath Maxwell, Andrew Monroe, Minerva McGhee, 2, M McMahon, Thos McLean, Jno Q McDougald 2, Col A S McKay, Jno McRae, (Rockfish,) Catharine A McDuffie.

Mary A Newell, Bryant Newell.

Mary Purnel, Albert Peoples, W Patterson, W L Parker.

Enix Sikes, Seward, Crouse & Co, Spicey Stills, John Smith.

H L Thomas, Elizabeth Thompson, J N Turner 2.

W H Wetherington 2, Alfred Walls, J L Watson, Mrs Sarah Williamson, W B Williams, Emily Williams, G G Williams, Henry Whitehead.

N. B. Persons calling for any of the above letters will please state that they are advertised.

J. E. BRYAN, P. M.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers his tract of Land for sale, lying near Alfordsville, in Robeson county, N. C., containing 800 acres, joining the lands of Mary A. McLean, Sion Alford, John Baker, and others. There is on the premises a Grist Mill and Cotton Gin, all in good repair, and in a good stand for custom. The Wilmington & Charlotte Rail Road will pass within a few miles of it. Persons wishing to purchase Land will do well to call and examine, for a bargain can be had. PAISLEY ALFORD.

Alfordsville, Nov. 22. 58*4t

BLUE GRASS SEED,

JUST received and for sale:—which, together with Asparagus Roots, Rhubarb, Raspberries, Peonies, Cydonia Japonica, and all kinds of Bulbs, should be put in the ground as soon as possible.

The late rains have put the ground in fine order for planting, and as every thing makes roots in our latitude during Winter, no time should be lost.

C. LUTTERLOH, Nurseryman.

Dec. 1. 58-2t

☞ The Trust Sale of Jas. E. Metts's property, has been postponed to WEDNESDAY the 19th, instead of Tuesday the 18th inst.

THE TRUSTEES.

NOTICE.

THE FIRST ANNUAL FAIR of the SAMPSON COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will be held in Clinton, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of December, 1855.

WM. KIRBY, Sec'y.

Nov. 27.

The Presbsterian Psalmodist; a collection of tunes for the Presbyterian Church

A further supply just rec'd. E. J. HALE SON.

Nov. 28.

NOTICE.

ON Friday, the 21st day of December, the subscriber will offer for sale 400 Acres of LAND, well adapted to Turpentine and Farming, situate and lying on the West side of Cape Fear River, about one mile therefrom, and one half mile from Maysville. Also, at the same time and place, all his Stock, together with one Timber and one Road Wagon, and other articles too tedious to mention. W. J. MONROE.

Nov. 27. 57-ts

FRENCH & McLEAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LUMBERTON, ROBESON COUNTY, N. C.

ROBERT S. FRENCH and NEILL A. McLEAN have associated in the practice of Law. They will attend the Superior and County Courts of

Cumberland, Richmond,
Robeson, Columbus,
Bladen, New Hanover.

Nov. 26, 1855. 57-4w

K. M. MURCHISON,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

May 17, 1855. 1-tf

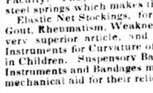
DISEASES OF A PULMONARY CHARACTER,

PREVENTED, AND AN ELEGANCE OF FIGURE ACQUIRED, by those who have weak, contracted chests, and are round or stoop shouldered, by wearing "VANHORN'S PATENT CHEST EXPANDER OR ELASTIC SHOULDER BRACE, adapted to adults of both sexes," and invaluable for children when growing, to improve their form. They are light and elastic, and interfere with no style of dress. The gentleman's Brace answers as a substitute for suspenders. Size required in inches, around the chest and waist; forwarded per mail, free of charge. Ladies' and Gents' $3. Children's $2.50. C. W. VANHORN & CO.

32 NORTH NINTH ST., below Arch, Philadelphia.

Oct. 16, 1855. 45 6mi

SUPERIOR FRENCH TRUSSES.
Successful Treatment of Hernia!



THIS article, from its extreme neatness and lightness, *weighing only three ounces*, and its *successful treatment of the most difficult cases of Hernia*, has won for it the highest praise from Physicians, both in this country and in Europe, over the heavy, clumsy Truss heretofore worn, for Rupture. It has no superior in the treatment of Hernia. Forwarded per mail free of charge. Single Truss $5, Double $8. State which side is affected; and size around Hips.

We also manufacture Trusses of all descriptions, from infant to an adult in size. Elastic Lace Utero-Abdominal supporters (for falling of the womb) highly recommended by the Medical Faculty. They do not chafe the hips as those constructed with steel springs which makes them very unpleasant to wear.

Elastic Net Stockings, for Varicose Veins, Dropsical Swellings, Gout, Rheumatism, Weakness at knee and ankle joint. This is a very superior article, and highly recommended by physicians. Instruments for Curvature of the Spine, Club-Foot, Weak Ankles in Children. Suspensory Bandages, and also all descriptions of Instruments and Bandages manufactured for diseases that require mechanical aid for their relief.

C. W. VANHORN & CO.,
Importers and Manufacturers of Trusses.
No. 32 NORTH NINTH st., below Arch, Philadelphia.

Oct. 16, 1855. 45-6mi

NOTICE.

IN Execution of a power given by the last will and testament of the late Henry Elliott, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, the 13th, 14th, and 15th of December next, a large portion of the stock of ***Horses, Mules, Hogs, Sheep*** and ***Cattle***, belonging to the testator. Also, WAGONS, CARTS, and a lot of LUMBER at the Mill, of which a large part is Poplar, well sawed and seasoned, (⅞ of an inch); TWO BUGGIES, one single, the other double. The sale will begin at Elliotsville on THURSDAY, and be continued on Friday and Saturday at the Plantation on Cape Fear, below Smith's Ferry.

Terms of Sale: Six months' credit.

ALEXANDER ELLIOT,
J. G. SHEPHERD,
Executors.

Nov. 19, 1852. 54-ts

Carolinian till sale.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold, on Tuesday, the 18th December next, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six months, at the upper Plantation of the late Wm. T. Smith, the stock of Cattle, Hogs, and Fat Hogs, Peas, Corn, a large lot. Forage, Farming Utensils, &c., &c.

Also, on Wednesday, the 19th December, at the lower Plantation, the stock of Hogs, and Fat Hogs, Farming Utensils, &c., &c.

And on Thursday, the 20th Dec'r, at the residence of the late deceased, stock, consisting of Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Horses, Mules, Wagons, Carts, Ploughs, various Farm Fixtures, &c., &c.

JOHN C. SMITH, Adm'r,
With the will annexed.

Nov. 17. 54-tl2Dec.

Town papers 3 times

CIDER VINEGAR, a good article, for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov. 10. 54-tf

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the late residence of Geo. S. Hodges, dec'd, on Haymount, situated at the junction of the Centre and Western Plank Roads. The House is new and commodious, with the necessary out houses, all in good repair; the grounds well improved, and is one of the most desirable residences near town. Application for terms may be made to D. E. Bryan, at the Post Office, or to

E. C. HALL, Adm'r.

Fayetteville, Nov. 15, 1855. 54-3m

FOR RENT.

THAT convenient situation, with Dwelling and out Houses, belonging to Miss E. Hybart, is offered for Rent. Possession given the 1st Jan'y next.

Also, a two story Dwelling House and an improved Lot on Rowan street, belonging to C. Montague, Esq. Possession given on application. For terms apply to

WM. BOW.

Nov. 17th 54-tf

TRUST SALE.

BY Virtue of a Deed of Trust to us, executed for certain purposes therein specified, by James E. Metts, of the County of Brunswick, we will expose to public sale, at the Plantation known as the Roane Plantation, in the county above mentioned, on the 18th day of December next, all the perishable personal property mentioned in said trust, consisting of Farming Tools of every description, Coopers' and Blacksmiths' Tools, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Corn, Fodder, Horses, 15 or 16 valuable Mules, 1 fine young Jack, 5 years old next spring; 8 good Road Wagons and Gear, 2 Carts, 1 pair large Timber Wheels, Stock Hogs, Sheep of select breed, and about 50 head of Cattle of the Durham breed, among them are several fine Bulls. The Sheep are of the imported Oxfordshire or Leicester, said to be the best blood in the United States. 1 pair fine match Horses, well broke and gentle; 1 fine Family Carriage and Harness; 1 Buggy and Harness, and many other articles not mentioned above. Sixty-five likely and valuable Negroes of both sexes—among them are several Coopers, three Distillers, one first rate Carpenter; one Turpentine Still and Fixtures.

At the same time and place we will sell the Plantation; and the Steam boats Fairy and Eliza or Union; four Flats, one of 900, one of 700, one of 650 and the other of 550 barrels capacity; two Ferry Flats; two Yawls. Also, 3000 acres of choice Pine Land in South Carolina, with a Turpentine Still and Fixtures thereon, and on which there are some 10 Tasks of Turpentine Boxes in operation.

Terms of sale—on the Lands, will be one and two years; on the perishable and personal property, for sums over one hundred dollars, six months' credit,—Notes, with two or more approved securities, with interest from the day of sale, will in every case be required before the property is removed or titles changed. Terms on the Boats will be made known at the sale.

The sale will be continued from day to day till all is sold.

DAVID D. ALLEN, } Trustees.
JAS. H. PRITCHETT, }

Nov. 13, 1855. 53-ts

Cape Fear Lands for sale.

WE OFFER for sale that Valuable Plantation, known as the "ASHE PLACE," seven miles above Fayetteville, on the Cape Fear River, recently the property of Col. Nathan King, containing SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES,—every acre of which is Cape Fear Bottoms, and susceptible of the highest state of cultivation. This Land requires no puffing as it is known to be the best farming lands on Cape Fear River. Terms will be made satisfactory if the right sort of purchaser is found.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.
J. & T. WADDILL.

Feb. 6, 1855. 73-tf

VALUABLE LANDS
ON THE CAPE FEAR RIVER.

THE Lands and Plantations known as the Roane and Blue Banks Plantations, are offered for sale. These lands lie only 15 miles above Wilmington, on the Cape Fear River, and extend out to the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, and are of easy access to one of the best markets in the State of North Carolina. On the North side of the river, there are six hundred acres of the finest River Bottom Land in the State—about fifty acres of which are already cleared, and produce the finest sort of crops. One hundred acres more may be cleared, which is sufficiently elevated above the ordinary height of freshets to save the crops. The lands abound in Oak, Ash, and the finest kind of Cypress Timber.

On the South side of the River is situated the balance of the Lands, estimated at seven thousand five hundred acres, from which three fine settlements may be made. The upper portion, or Blue Banks, contains some two thousand acres or more—of which there are some one hundred and fifty acres now in cultivation, and is well adapted to corn, peas, potatoes and cotton. There is a large quantity of fine land yet to clear, the growth of which is pine, oak, hickory and dog-wood. South of this tract is the Roane Plantation, and adjoining the lowlands mentioned above, containing some two thousand four hundred acres, a small quantity of which is cleared, and considerable more yet to clear.

On this tract all the buildings and improvements are situated, consisting of a good Dwelling-house, Kitchen, Smoke-house, Corn-crib, Stables, and some fourteen negro houses, all of which are new and comfortable. There is a Turpentine Still and Fixtures, which will be sold with the land, if desired. There are also some eight tasks of Turpentine Boxes, some three tasks of which are old on the land.

The remainder of the lands lie adjoining this tract, and on Hood's Creek, containing some three thousand acres of unimproved Pine Lands, which would make a fine settlement, a portion of them being good farming lands, and on which several fine building lots could be had immediately on the Railroad, suitable for Summer Residences. Persons wishing to purchase such lands, will do well to call and examine the premises before making a location.

DAVID D. ALLEN, } Assignees.
JAS. H. PRITCHETT, }

Oct. 13. 44-tf

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS-WARE, &c.

I AM now opening my FALL SUPPLIES, comprising a very **GENERAL ASSORTMENT** of every thing suitable for the Country and Town Trade.

My Stock has been carefully selected, in person, from the best manufacturers and in the best markets in the Country.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS may rely upon buying from me at prices which will save them all the *trouble and delay* of ordering from the North.

W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Dealer in Crockery, China and Glassware.

Aug. 22, 1855. 29-tf

FALL SUPPLY.

DRUGS, MEDICINES & CHEMICALS.

JAMES F. FOULKES,

Hay Street, near the Fayetteville Hotel,

RESPECTFULLY asks the attention of his customers and friends to his LARGE and COMPLETE STOCK of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES and CHEMICALS,

which he is now receiving, and is determined to sell at such low prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. It will be his aim to sell Medicines that can be depended upon. Give him a call before making your purchases.

Sept. 12, 1855. 37-tf

NOTICE.

THE notes and accounts due to Jno. M. Beasley, are in the hands of Wm. McL. McKay for collection, as longer indulgence *will not* be given, it is hoped this notice will be sufficient to save costs.

JOHN M. BEASLEY.

June 25, 1855. 12tf

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES,
WARRANTED.

THE Subscribers inform their friends and the public that they make to order

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES,

warranted to be of the best quality, being made from Burr Blocks of their own importation from the best quarries in France. They also keep for sale COLOGNE, ESOPUS and COCALICO MILL STONES.

BOLTING CLOTH and CALCINED PLASTER.

From the Senior Partner's long experience in the late firm of Egerton, Morriss & Co., of which he was a member, and their determination to give satisfaction, they assure customers their orders shall be faithfully and promptly executed.

WILLIAM HOGG & SON.

S. E. Corner of North and Centre Sts., opposite the Baltimore & Susquehanna R. R. Depot, Baltimore.

May 29, 1855. 5-ypd

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having purchased the stock of material at the Carriage establishment formerly occupied by Mr. A. H. Wagstaff, intends carrying on the

Carriage-Making Business.

He solicits a share of the liberal patronage bestowed on such carriage shops generally. He has now on hand some very

HANDSOME VEHICLES.

Which cannot be surpassed in the place for style of finish and durability, which he will sell as low as any work of the kind can be bought in the place.

☞ All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

REPAIRING done in the best manner and on very reasonable terms.

Give him a call before buying elsewhere.

J. D. CALLAIS.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 8. 72-tf

LAURINBURGH HIGH SCHOOL.

THE 6th Session of this School will commence on Tuesday the 10th day of July next, under the supervision of the Rev. Geo. B. Scott, M. A., of the University of Edinburgh, (Scotland,) Principal, assisted by Mrs. Scott in the Primary Department.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott have both made Teaching the business of their lives; and from the experience which the Trustees have had, during the past session, of their zeal, fidelity, and success, in the discharge of the duties of their profession, they confidently recommend them to Parents and Guardians, as pre-eminently qualified by temper, talents, and acquirements for the instruction of students, in all the branches of an English, Scientific, Classical, and Commercial Education.

The Trustees respectfully invite the public to a personal examination of the system pursued in the School.

Terms—$8, $12, and $20, per Session of five months, (French included in the 3d grade without extra charge.)

Board can be had at $8, per month.

One half fees and Board invariably paid in advance.

D. C. McINTYRE, Sec'y.

Laurinburgh, Richmond Co., N. C., } 13tf
June 28, 1855. }

KINGSBURY FOR SALE.

COL. King the present occupant, being desirous to close up his business, we offer those valuable premises for sale.

Kingsbury is situated at the terminus of the Fayetteville & Raleigh Plank Road, eleven miles from the former place, and within three miles of King's Landing on Cape Fear River. These premises offer more business conveniences and comforts for living, perhaps than any country seat in Cumberland. On them is a neat two-story family mansion, containing seven rooms—a fire place in each, with front and rear piazza and portico, frame kitchen, sleeping apartments for servants, smoke house and dairy, with a prime well of water; and all handsomely enclosed. Also, on the premises are nine other frame buildings, with brick chimneys to each, and rooms sufficient to accommodate from fifty to sixty negroes; a frame Barn 50 by 60 feet, with stalls for forty horses, and room to hold 50 tons of forage; Carriage house, Store and Ware house; Water Grist Mill, two Cooper and two Blacksmith's Shops, Wheel Right Shop, Turpentine Sheds, &c., all within convenient distance of the best Springs of Sandhill Water. All the buildings are new and have been erected within the last four or five years. To these valuable improvements we will add 1,500 acres of Pine L[illegible], and we will take $3,500 for the whole, which is $2,000 less than the cost of the improvements. We have also, on the premises, and now in operation, a Steam Saw and Grist Mill, and Turpentine Distillery, which can be bought cheap.

If the right sort of a purchaser presents himself, and wishes a partner in his operations, we will furnish one with sufficient capital to conduct a profitable business.

To a Planter who has $14,000 to invest in real estate and wants the best Plantation on Cape Fear River, with a healthy country seat with all conveniences for living at hand, these premises would be a very desirable attachment to the Ashe Plantation, containing seven hundred acres of the best Cape Fear bottoms, and now in market. These two Estates are connected by a good Ferry L[illegible]nding and are only three miles apart; and will be sold together or separate. For further particulars apply to T. S. Lutterloh, Esq., or the subscribers.

J. & T. WADDILL.

Fayetteville, Sept. 7. 34-tf

STOP THE THIEF!

STOLEN from my Lot in Richmond County, on Sunday night last, my HORSE. Said horse was an iron-gray or brownish color: he had marks of gear on him, and his fore-top cut off very short: he was shod on the fore feet, walked fast, is a good trotter, and would pace: there was a white mark on his back, on the right side, about six or eight inches square; also, a small wart on the right side, a little below the white mark.

The horse was taken by a man calling himself John Campbell, who says he was raised in Pitt county, and has been in this neighborhood about two years: he is a Cooper by trade, and says he has worked in Turpentine all his life time; he is a little round-shouldered, has a stout body for a small man, and will not weigh as much as I stated, 145 or 150 pounds; has a very mean look, is very fond of negro company, and his conversation has a good deal of the negro mixed with it.

I will pay $50 for the delivery of the Horse, or $50 for the thief.

M. N. CAMPBELL.

Montpelier, Richmond county, N. C.

I will also reward any person for any information that will lead to the recovery of either. M. N. C.

Sep. 10, 1855. 36-tf

Valuable Property
FOR SALE.

4000 ACRES of valuable Farming and Turpentine LAND, with the Turpentine STILL, STORE HOUSE, GOODS, and STAND, known as BEATTY'S BRIDGE, in Bladen county, are offered for sale. The Store and Still will be sold either with or without the land; so that those who wish to engage in Mercantile operations or in distilling Turpentine will do well to apply soon to

BEATTY & BROTHER.

Beatty's Bridge, July 2. 14-tf

FRESH BUTTER for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov. 10. 54-tf

Blank Warrants for sale here

Florida Land Agency.

THE undersigned has established an AGENCY in the town of Alligator, Columbia County, Florida, for the PURCHASE, SALE or LOCATION of LAND WARRANTS, the PURCHASE and SALE of LANDS generally, improved or unimproved.

The fact now being established that a Rail Road is to be constructed immediately, connecting the Atlantic and the Gulf of Mexico, running through the entire length of this County, east and west; and in view of the great fertility of our soil, the unusually fine growth of pine timber on the land, the healthfulness of the climate, and the reasonable terms on which lands can now be obtained, there is perhaps no section of the Union which offers equal inducements to the emigrant from the other States.

Having had some experience in farming on the different kinds of land, and acquired a general knowledge of them throughout the County; and having acquired unusual facilities for pointing out such as are for sale, either of public or private lands, he feels very confident of making it the interest of all persons wishing information, or who may have determined to settle in Florida to call on him. WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

References:

Hon. E. C. Cabell, Hon. A. E. Maxwell, Hon. David S. Walker, State Reg., } Tallahassee, Fla.
Dr. S. C. Bruce, H. C. McLean, Esq., } Carthage, N. C.
Dr. Mallett, Rev. Geo. McNeill, } Fayetteville, N. C.
Messrs. W. M. Lawton & Co., Charleston, S. C.

June 27, 1855. 13-Y

LIPPITT'S SPECIFIC

For the Cure of Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Summer Complaint.

Wilmington, N. C., February 1.

Mr. W. H. Lippitt.—Dear Sir:—Without any suggestion or solicitation whatever on your part I take pleasure in adding my testimony to the efficacy of your Specific for the cure of Dysentery and kindred complaints. Having been for three years afflicted with a disease of this character, and employing the services of three of the best physicians in this place, with but slight advantage, I was induced to try your medicine, and after following the prescriptions and taking several bottles, am now perfectly restored. I believe your Specific to be a most excellent and valuable medicine, and feel no hesitation in recommending it to the public. So far from being a nostrum as too many of the popular medicines of the day are, I believe it to be superior for the cure of the disease indicated above, to any other known medicine.

I am truly yours, &c. M. BRYAN

Prepared and sold Wholesale and Retail by W. H. LIPPITT, Chemist and Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

Sold by S. J. HINSDALE, Druggist, Fayetteville, and by Druggists generally.

June 27. 13-6m

STAGE LINE
From Fayetteville to Salem.

THE Proprietors take pleasure in informing the public, that they have commenced running their tri-weekly line of Stages, on the Plank Road, from Salem to Fayetteville. They have procured good Stock, new Coaches, careful and accommodating Drivers, and no pains will be spared to render passengers comfortable.

A system of through-tickets with the contractors on the Wytheville and Ricksville Roads, for the convenience of passengers bound to Wytheville, Va., or the Blue Sulphur Springs, in Stokes County, has also been adopted.

WHITE & STAFFORD

June 29, 1855. 24tf

REMOVAL.

THE Office of the Brothers' Steam Boat Company is removed to the Huske Building, on Green street, next door to P. Taylor's.

J. S. BANKS, Ag't.

Nov. 6, 1854. 46tf

To Turpentine Distillers.

I HAVE on hand, and will continue to keep, SPIRIT BARRELS, made at Mr. A. McAllister's Shop. Those in need will please call.

J. S. BANKS.

June 14, 1855. 9-tf

SHEMWELL HOUSE.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

East side of Green Street, a few Doors North of the Market House.

THE Subscriber desires through this medium to acknowledge the liberal patronage bestowed upon his House the past year—and as he has just erected New Stables and Carriage Shed convenient to the House and to water he takes pleasure in saying to his patrons and the public generally, that he is still prepared to accommodate them with transient and permanent board, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received. Every exertion on his part shall be used to render them comfortable during their sojourn with him. His table is always supplied with the best the market affords.

P. SHEMWELL.

March 24, 1855. 86-tf

PUMPS.

FORCE and Suction Pumps,
Sheet Lead and Lead Pipe.
For sale by C. W. ANDREWS, Market Square.
March 30. 83-tf

WOOL ROLLS.

WOOL carded with dispatch at Blount's Creek Factory.
SHEETINGS,
Osnaburgs,
Cotton Yarn, and
Wool Rolls, for sale by

GEO. McNEILL.

June 1854. 7-tf

Sash, Blinds, &c.

THE Subscriber having become Agent for the sale of WINDOW SASH, BLINDS and DOORS of all sizes, will sell cheaper than has ever been sold in Fayetteville. Give me a call at my shop on Old Street.

He is prepared to execute all work in the Carpentering line, as he has several good workmen.

CHA'S F. ASKEW.

Jan'y 9, 1855. 56-y

TO DISTILLERS.

WE will pay the highest cash price for SPIRITS TURPENTINE, and request Distillers to give us a call when in market.

J. & T. WADDILL

June 26, 1855. 8tf

FOR SALE.
At Reduced Prices, for CASH or on SHORT TIME,
250 CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, Rockaways and Buggies
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

MANY of which are finished, and the balance being finished daily. Among which are many New and Beautiful styles, and one VERY FINE CARRIAGE. Some of them very light, and all made in the best manner and of the best materials. My facilities for doing Carriage work are GREATER than any establishment South, and I can afford and am determined to sell work of the BEST QUALITY as low as it can be built for by any one.

☞ Those who are indebted to me will please pay up, as my business requires my out-standing debts to be collected. A. A. McKETHAN.

Feb. 3, 1855. 72-tf

A CARD.

THE subscriber tenders his services to the citizens of Fayetteville and the surrounding country, as a MASTER BRICKLAYER AND PLASTERER, and gives notice that he is ready to contract for work in his line, at the lowest cash prices. S. F. DICKSON.

Fayetteville, Oct. 9, 1854. 38tf

New Method for the Guitar, by Charles C. Converse; Hunten's Instructions for the Piano Forte; Burrowes' Piano Forte Primmer. Further supplies just received E. J. HALE & SON.

Nov. 19.

GOLDSBOROUGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE third Session of this Institution commences on Wednesday, the 3d of Jan'y 1855, and ends on the 3d of June, 1855.

Rev. JAS. H. BRENT, A. B., President.

Dr. MORGAN CLOSS, late of Chapel Hill, Professor of Mathematics.

And a full corps of Teachers in every branch.

Board, including Washing, Lights, Fuel, &c., per session,	$50 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	$10 00
Collegiate Department,	$20 00

One hundred dollars will cover all expenses of the session in the Collegiate course and all ornamental branches.

Pupils in primary department charged the usual price for ornamental branches. One half payable in advance.

Three Lectures on scientific subjects will be delivered each month.

We are making every effort to render the School the first in advantages and cheapness, and pledge to reduce prices, and multiply the advantages in proportion to the increase of patronage. When our number of pupils reaches 200 we shall be able to reduce the prices nearly one half, every one aiding us, is also aiding in placing the means of a superior education within the reach of almost every girl in the State.

We return thanks for the unexampled support we have had and believe it will be continued. For further information apply to the President of the faculty, or myself. WM. K. LANE, Pres't Stockholders.

Dec. 13, 1854. 57-tf

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

FOR the SECOND TIME this season, I have returned from the Northern Cities with one of the ***Largest, Cheapest*** and ***Most Fashionable*** STOCKS OF

Ready-Made Clothing

ever exhibited in this place. Amongst which may be found

Black, Brown and Blue Dress and Frock Coats		$10 to $25
Various colors of Business Coats	"	5 to 10
Cassimere and Melton Cloth	"	6 to 10
Light Fall Over	"	7 to 14
Black and Blue Bang-Up	"	12 to 22
Pilot and Beaver	"	7 to 20
Cloth and Pilot Talmas and Opera Cloaks		9 to 20
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Pants		3 to 9
Black French Doeskin	"	5 to 9
Silk Plush and Velvet Vests		3 to 8
Cassimere and Cloth	"	2 to 4
Silks, Satins, &c.		2 to 6

And a very extensive assortment of

Boy's and Servant's Clothing.

Also, constantly on hand a great variety of Shirts, Collars, Stocks, Cravats, Pocket Handk'fs, Kid Gloves, and other

FURNISHING GOODS.

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Fine Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valices, Walking Canes, Silk and Gingham, Umbrellas, Looking Glasses, IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS, and

Fancy Goods,

India Rubber Over-Coats, Leggins and Sandals, Oil-Cloth Coats, Pants and Jackets, &c.

Call and satisfy your wants, this being the only House of the kind in this place where a general assortment is kept, and almost every body can get suited.

GEORGE BRANDT,

South-side of Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C., between the Market House and Fayetteville Hotel.

Oct 22, 1855. 46-tlJ

Fayetteville Mutual Insurance Company.

An Abstract of the Second Annual REPORT of the President and Directors:

Policies issued past year 524, whole number issued 1233, covering property amounting to $2,126,853 00
Policies cancelled and expired 851,635 66

Amount now insured	$1,274,717 34
Amount of Premium Notes	316,333 36
" " " expired & cancelled	126,474 03
" " " now on hand	$189,859 33
Increase during last year	$61,275 07

Premium notes averaging 14 89-100 per cent. on the amount insured, the actual cost of Insurance during the year averaging less than ¼ per cent.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last report	$772 89	
" for Premiums received	6,103 28	
" for Policies, Surveys & transfers	337 50	
" for Rent	70 00	
		$7,282 67

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid C. H. Sneed, fire loss	$850 00	
" " Lot and balance Office building	1,450 00	
" " Salaries	1,550 00	
" " State Tax	100 00	
" " Contingent expenses	375 62	
" " Premiums returned	20 65	
		$4,346 27
Balance		$2,937 40

To-wit:

Cash loaned out on Bond and Security, (on demand,)	$2,250 00	
Cash in Bank and in hands of Agents	687 40	
		$2,937 40

ASSETS.

Cash on interest and in Bank, &c.	$2,937 40
Rent due	190 00
Real Estate, paying 13 per cent.	1,800 00
	$4,927 40
Premium Notes on hand	189,859 33
Amount Capital to meet any losses	$194,786 73

In conclusion, the President and Directors congratulate the members and the public on the very fortunate and successful operations of the Company the past year. We have met with no loss since 7th March, 1854, (Sneed's,)—unless it be the case of Stranglaus & Einston at Kinston, whose Store was blown up—*a very extraordinary case*,—it is still under investigation.

The following Directors were elected for next year:

Geo. McNeill, H. L. Myrover, Chas. Benbow, Henry Lilly, Jas. Kyle, S. W. Tillinghast, S. T. Hawley, T. S. Lutterloh, Wm. McLaurin, N. A. Stedman, J. G. Shepherd, S. J. Hinsdale, D. A. Ray, J. D. Williams, A. A. McKethan, J. H. Cook, A. E. Hall, A. W. Steel, J. G. Cook; and R. F. Brown of Wilmington.

OFFICERS:

GEO. McNEILL, President.
H. L. MYROVER, Vice President.
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.
J. G. SHEPHERD, Attorney.

Executive Committee for next Quarter:

Geo. McNeill, S. W. Tillinghast, Wm. McLaurin.

May 24, 1855. 4-Y

E. GLOVER

HAS just received, and in store, his FALL STOCK of

GOODS,

which he is prepared to sell very cheap for Cash, or on short time to those who pay when they promise.

Among his stock can be found,

Watches of all Prices,

from $8 to $150; a good stock of all kinds of Gold Chains; Seals; Keys; Breast Pins; Ear Rings and Finger Rings; Silver Spoons; Silver Forks; Butter Knives; Cake Baskets; Card Baskets; Candlesticks; Snuffers; Trays; &c., &c.

A Good Stock of Military Trimmings.

A fine lot of CLOCKS, and almost every article usually kept in a Jewelry Store, to which he invites the attention of those wishing to purchase.

Strict attention paid to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry. EDWIN GLOVER.

Sept. 11, 1855. 35-3m

FISH.

25 BBLS. Mullets, in Oak Bbls., just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

—ALSO,—

Mackerel and Herring for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov. 7. 51-tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are now receiving our stock of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of LADIES' DRESS and GENTLEMEN'S WEARING APPAREL, viz:

Muslin DeLanes; Plain and Plaid Merinos: Alpaccas, Bombazines, Black, Plain and Plaid Silks; Talmas and Cloaks; Dress Trimmings, Edgings, Embroidered Collars, Handkerchiefs, and Muslin Bands; a large lot of Hosiery for Ladies, Misses and Children; Kid and Pic Nic Gloves; Woolen Mits for Children: a large assortment of Bonnets, Silk, Satin, Muslin, Straw and Hair: Misses' Hoods; Ladies' Walking Shoes, Gaiters, and white Kid Polka Boots; Misses' Gaiters, Morocco Ties, and Walking Shoes.

FOR GENTLEMEN:—Hats and Caps of every shape and quality; Cravats, Stocks, Merino Vests, Shirts and Collars; a large lot of Clothing, warranted to fit or no sale; Boots and Shoes; Buck and Woolen Gloves; Bleached and Unbleached Shirtings and Sheetings; Table Cloths and Towelings; Bed Ticking; Blankets; Kerseys; Kentucky Jeans; Stripes and Apron Checks; White and Red Flannel; a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; Table Covers, Rugs and Carpetings—some very fine; Umbrellas, Traveling Satchels, and Trunks; Port Monaies, Reticules, and a great many other Fancy Articles.

We would be pleased to have persons living in town, and those visiting our place with a view of purchasing goods, to examine our Stock, as we are determined to sell. W. F. & E. F. MOORE.

Oct. 8, 1855. 44tf

SECOND STOCK.
Starr & Williams

ARE now receiving their SECOND PURCHASE of

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, UMBRELLAS, AND

Ready-Made Clothing,

And have no hesitation in saying it is the LARGEST and MOST DESIRABLE stock now in market; and having been purchased at greatly reduced prices from the early part of the season will be offered to buyers on terms that cannot fail to please.

Oct. 25. 47-tf

WANTED,

A GOOD WAGON MAKER to work in my Shop. Such a one by applying soon will find steady employment, and good wages. WM. WATSON.

Sept. 28, 1855. 40tf

STEAMBOATS FOR SALE.

WE will sell the Steamers "FAIRY," "UNION," and 4-13ths of the Steamer "EVERGREEN," all of which are now on the waters of the Pee Dee and Waccamaw.

Fairy's length, 81 feet 6 inches,
" breadth, 15 " 4 "
" depth, 4 " 2 "

measures 54 and 2-95 tons burthen, was built in the year 1851.

Steamer Union or Eliza's length, 78 feet 6 inches,
" " breadth, 13 "
" " depth, 4 " 2 "

measures 40 and 32-95 tons burthen, was built in the year 1850,—machinery all new and in complete order.

Steamer Evergreen's length, 121 feet 6 inches,
" " breadth, 22 "
" " depth, 6 " 5 "

measures 160 and 78-95 tons, and was built in the year 1848,—together with their Lighters, J. R. Blossom, and Republican—one of seven hundred barrels, and the other of nine hundred barrels capacity. Also, two Flats, now on the Cape Fear River—one 650, and the other 550 bbls capacity. Terms will be made easy.

D. D. ALLEN, } Assignees.
JAMES H. PRITCHETT, }

Sept. 25, 1855. 39-tf

NOTICE.

PERSONS PURCHASING RAGS for me will recollect that I have never offered anything for WOOL or SILK Rags, and will allow nothing for them; but will give 2 cents per lb. for all coarse bagging and loose paper separate from the Rags.

D. MURPHY.

Sept. 12, 1855. 35-tf

FALL, 1855.
JAMES KYLE

HAS just received a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Among which are,
650 pieces Dress DeLains,
French and English Merino,
Plain Merino, real French,
Persian Cloths,
Black and Colored Silks,
Irish Linens, all Flax,
Table Cloths and Napkins,
Carpeting, very cheap,
Calicoes, well assorted,
Kerseys and Linseys,
Silk, Woolen and Cotton Hose,
Ladies' Twisted Silk Mitts,
Dress Trimmings, &c., &c.

All of which being purchased by the package for Cash, will be offered at the lowest market price for cash, or on time to paying customers.

Sept. 27, 1855. 39-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale, my LANDS in the Town of Fayetteville, about 130 Acres, known as the

MUMFORD SWAMP.

About 80 Acres of it is fine Meadow Land, as the Crop now on it will show. Also, the

Valuable Brick Store and Lot

near the Market Square, occupied by Mr. John A. Pemberton.

A Large and Valuable Lot, fronting on Donaldson, Maxwell and Mumford Streets, known as the Hotel Garden Lot,—could be divided into several Building Lots—very near the new Female High School Buildings.

Also, the Stable Lot adjoining, fronting on Mumford Street.

Several DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS on both Winslow and Mumford Streets.

All this property can now be purchased on favorable terms, and a large part can remain on Bond and Mortgage if desired.

THO. J. CURTIS.

Oct. 10, 1855. 43-tf

THE LAND OF GOLD, by Hinton

R. Helper, 75 cents, just rec'd by E. J. HALE & SON.

We are now receiving and expect to keep up a large stock of Groceries.

WE OFFER

150 BAGS Coffee—Rio, Laguira and Java,
15 Hhds. Sugars,
50 " Molasses,
1,000 Sacks Salt,
75 Bbls. Sugars,—coffee, crush'd & pow'd,
125 Bags Shot,
45 Kegs Powder,
20 Hhds. Western Bacon,
3,500 Lbls. N. C. "
50,000 Segars, assorted qualities,
100 Boxes Cheese,

With every other article in our line. All of which we will dispose of low for CASH, or exchange for produce or naval stores.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

May 23. 3-tf

Livery Stables.

The undersigned continue to carry on the LIVERY BUSINESS at this place. They have lately largely increased their Stock and can now offer to the public as good Horses, Carriages and Drivers as can be found in the Southern country.

Thankful for the large patronage heretofore extended to us, we solicit a continuation of the public favor. We promise a satisfactory trip to all who may wish to travel.

☞ Stables at the West end of Mumford street, where one of the Proprietors may always be found, or at the Store first door East of Mr. Lutterloh.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 22, 1858. 71tf

TO THE JUSTICES OF HARNETT COUNTY.

THE Justices of HARNETT County are notified to meet at the Court House in Summerville on the 2d Monday in December next for the transaction of County business. GEO. W. PEGRAM, Clk.

Nov. 22, 1855. 50-3t

ROBESON COUNTY.
Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1855.

WHEREAS, at this Term, it was ordered by his Honor John W. Ellis, Judge presiding, that a Special Term of said Superior Court of Law and Equity be held, on the 3d Monday in December, A. D. 1855, being the 17th day of the month; this is therefore to notify all suitors, witnesses and others having business to transact on the Civil Docket in said Court, to attend at the Court House in Lumberton on the 3d Monday in December next, as aforesaid. Witness, Alexander McMillan, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the fourth Monday in September, A. D. 1855.

A. McMILLAN, C. S. C.

Oct. 25, 1855. 48-6w

NOTICE

IS Hereby given that the undersigned by virtue of a deed of Trust executed to him by Geo. L. Allen, of Stanly county, will expose to public sale at Cheraw, in said county, on the 15th day of December next, a variety of Valuable Property, consisting of about Four Hundred Acres of Land near Centre, and including the Dwelling House, Store House, and other improvements in Centre; also Seven Negroes, viz: two valuable boys, two Women, one Woman and Child, and one child about twelve years of age; three head of Horses; a lot of Cattle and Hogs; Corn, Fodder, and Oats, House hold and Kitchen Furniture; one Wagon a Buggy and Harness; and the Stock of Merchandize on hand, consisting of a variety of Valuable Goods.

Terms of Sale, CASH. The Sale to continue day to day until all is sold.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Trustee.

Nov. 13. 54-ts

A TEACHER WANTED,

TO take charge of the LYNCHBURG ACADEMY for the ensuing year, who is competent to prepare Students for College. One who has had some experience preferred. Best testimonials required. Application must be made before the 1st day of January next, to DR. D. J. McRAE,
or E. SPENCER.

Lynchburg, Sumter Dist., S. C., Nov. 3. [Mer]

SELECT SCHOOL.
R. H. GRAVES, Principal.

THIS School, located in Granville county, N. C., about 9 miles south of Clarksville, Va., and 10 miles south-west of Townsville Depot, will be opened on the 15th of January, 1856.

The location has been selected with reference to healthfulness, and the high tone of social, moral, and religious influence in the community.

Board will be provided in families of the highest respectability. The price of Boar'd and Tuition for a Session of 20 weeks, is $75, payable in advance. The number of Pupils limited.

The Principal having been engaged in teaching during the last 10 years of his life, and for the most part in connection with some of the first Institutions in the State, is of course known to some extent in most sections of the State. Circulars, however, containing references and other particulars, may be obtained by application to the Principal, at Brownsville P. O., Granville county, N. C.

Oct. 27. 48-8m

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 17th inst. a negro man, REUBEN, black, twenty-seven years of age, five feet nine inches in height, weighs one hundred and sixty-five pounds, has, when not embarrassed, a bold, plausible address, a good face, and a receding forehead, between one of his great and next toes a scar, the cut of an axe, which causes the big toe to point across the foot towards the outside. No other notable marks recollected. Reuben was brought up in Robeson County in this State, had a wife there,—owner not known,—was bought when sold from Robeson by Messrs. Leighton & Sherman, of Georgetown, S. C., and by me of Z. B. Oakes, a broker in Charleston, on the 5th day of June last, and brought to this county, where he labored and behaved well up to the time of his disappearance. He is well acquainted about Fayetteville, having drove a wagon from Robeson to that place.

I will give the above reward of $25 for his apprehension and confinement in any jail, as soon as I get him, and not grumble.

JOSEPH A. WEATHERLY.

Greensboro', Oct., 1855. 46*tf

1535 ACRES OF LAND for Sale
IN ROBESON COUNTY,
2 miles from Randalsville P. O.

APPLY to the Subscriber, who lives on the premises. M. McBRYDE.

August 5. 34*tf

DESIRABLE LANDS
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the Farm on which he now resides, consisting of Six Hundred Acres—One Hundred and